The Hong Kong Daily Press.

No. 2617 號七十百六千二第 HONGKONG, FRIDAY, 9TH MARCH, 1866. 伍年曆 號玫月三英 港香 [PRICE $2½ PER MONTH.

Announcements.

DISPENSARY.
No. 108, HONGKONG,
O & Co., actual proprietors
Establishment, beg respect-
Public that their Dispensary
condition to satisfy all de-
English, Spanish and Portu-
already received, and will
drugs and Chemicals from the
on, Paris and Lisbon.
, being a Pharmaceutic-Che-
Charter, and at present Ma-
Dispensary, can guarantee to
uality of his drugs and hopes
onage.
will find every requisite to
ne Cheese on very moderate

g, 7th December, 1865.

OTHERS & Co.
EASTWARD ON THE
ya No. 16,
ssrs Bowers & Co.,
g, 4th December, 1865.

PHOTOGRAPHS.
CHRA & Co. beg to call the
the Community to their late
eloping and fixing PHOTO-
can now with perfect confi-
portraits taken at their esta-
to any by the best European

rtes de Visite, etc. taken are
for them unless they qui e ap

Apparatus and Chemicals at
rve on hand; also Views of
Macao, and Various others of

, 6th February, 1866.

DWIFERY.
holding a diploma from the
hospital as MIDWIFE begs to
the ladies of Hongkong in the
s nurse. Address ARGUS

ng, 6th March, 1866.

ges to announce that at the
solicitation of Friends and
in Hongkong, she has been
hool for Young Ladies, and
ing her whole attention and
o the welfare and improve-
who may be entrusted to her
very satisfaction and ensure

struction comprises all the
d English Education, with
French if desired. Terms
ulars may be ascertained at
ice, viz: at her father's resi-
downe Terrace, Aberdeen

ent a Vacancy for a limited
as Boarders.

Arrivals.

Mch. 8, LADY AGNES DUPF, Brit. hq., 370, Nowell, Saigon, 18th February, Rice.—BOSMAN & Co.
Mch. 8, GEORGE & HENRY, from Whampoa.
Mch. 8, CHINA, str., from Canton.
Mch. 8, MONA, Brit. str., 543, E. Brown, Shanghai, 2nd March, Ningpo, 4th General.—GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
Mch. 8, GLENGOYLE, Brit. str., 1265, Hooper, Calcutta, 21st Feb., Penang 26th, Singapore, 1st March, Opium.—JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

Departures.

Mch. 8, FORMOSA, str., for Swatow.
Mch. 8, FEI-LOONG, str., for Swatow.
Mch. 8, IGNACIO, for Sual.
Mch. 8, ROMA, str., for Shanghai.
Mch. 8, CONQUEROR, for Bangkok.
Mch. 8, LORELEI, for Manila.

Clearances.

AT THE HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE, MARCH 8th, 1866.

Mahe, for Singapore.
Dunsar Family, for Taiwan.
Madeira, for Saigon.
Caroline, for Whampoa.
Typhoon, for Saigon.
Christina, for Macao.
Madura, for Chefoo.

Passengers.

Per "*Glengoyle*" str., *from Calcutta*, One Parsee, and 12 Chinese.

Reports.

The British steamer *Mona*, reports that on the 8th inst., passed a Corvette and Gunboat off Quemoy steering North. Passed the str., *Feiloong* off Single Island. The str., *Formosa* off Ningpo. Had thick weather fresh and breezes. Passed a steamer off Chelang Point supposed to be the str., *Dumbarton*.

The British steamer *Glengoyle*, reports having spoken the *Maid of Bent* off Namchau St. Passed the str., *Clan Alpine* off the Light ship North Sands 27th February: *Lightning* left Singapore on the 28th February.

Auction Sales To-day.

LANE CRAWFORD & Co.
Sundry Articles.

NOTICE

THE undersigned, PIANO-TUNER and REPAIRER, begs leave to intimate to the Public that in consequence of his residence not being situated in a central position for the convenience of the Public he has opened a Depôt at Messrs. Lane, Crawford & Co's, where those wishing to engage his services would kindly address him to the care of *N. S.* of the "*Daily Press*" Office.

P. A. SEQUEIRA.
tf 2421 Hongkong, 25th September, 1865.

FRENCH DISPENSARY.
QUEEN'S ROAD, 108, HONGKONG,
FIGUEIREDO & Co., actual proprietors of the above Establishment, beg respectfully to inform the Public that their Dispensary being put in better condition to satisfy all demands in French, English, Spanish and Portuguese, as they have already received, and will periodically receive, drugs and Chemicals from the best Houses in London, Paris and Lisbon.

Mr. L. FIGUEIREDO, being a Pharmaceutic-Chemist under a Royal Charter, and at present Manager of the French Dispensary, can guarantee to the Public the good quality of his drugs and hopes to deserve their patronage.

Masters of Ships will find every requisite to provide their Medicine Chests on very moderate terms.

tf 2916 Hongkong, 7th December, 1865.

NOTICE.

THE Proprietor of the ARGUS HOTEL in returning thanks to the Public for their kind and liberal patronage begs to inform them that all persons will find every comfort at his Establishment on very moderate charges as a good table is kept and every attention paid to the wants of Visitors.

Meals prepared on the shortest Notice.
Breakfast at 9 A.M.
Tiffin „ 1.30 P.M.
Dinner „ 6.30 „

Board and Lodging will be charged at the rate of Ten Dollars and fifty cents per week, and each Meal charged in proportion at a low figure.

3m 23 Hongkong, 3rd January, 1866.

E. AURBACH & Co.
SHIPCHANDLERS, STOREKEEPERS, AND AUCTIONEERS,
NEWCHWANG.

E. AURBACH & Co., beg to inform masters of vessels and others visiting Newchwang that they have established a Branch of their business at that port, and trust by attention and a well assorted Stock to merit their support.

tf 2907 Newchwang, 1st December, 1865.

STEAM-TUG "FAME."
NOTICE.
HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK Co'
STEAM TUG, 110 *H. P.* NOMINAL.
With disconnecting Engines.

THIS powerful TUG is available at any moment to berth Vessels in Harbour, or Tow them to or from Sea—at low Rates.

For particulars, apply to the Captain on board or to

D. LAPRAIK,
Secretary.

Hongkong 26th April, 1864.

STEAM-TUG "TA-YUNG"

THIS Powerful Tug will always be available for berthing Vessels in the Harbour, or for towing them to or from sea.

Her Anchorage will be near Ice House Street, Jetty.

Apply to Captain On Board,
or to
RUSSELL & Co.

tf 2627 Hongkong, 7th June, 1865.

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA, LIMITED.

STEAM-TUG "LITTLE ORPHAN"

THIS Powerful Tug is available at any time to Berth Vessels in this Harbour, or to Tow them to or from Sea.

For particulars, apply to the
Captain on board
or to J. B. ENDICOTT.
Secretary.

2568 Hongkong, 12th October, 1865.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Dividend on the Company's STOCK for the eight months ending 31st December, 1865, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, or $6.66 per Share, is payable on and after Monday, the 19th inst., at the offices of the Bank, Wardley House, where receipt forms can be obtained.

V. KRESSER,
Manager.

tf 318 Hongkong, 19th February, 1866.

Banks.

THE BANK OF HINDUSTAN, CHINA AND JAPAN (Limited).
Capital, Four Millions Sterling.
In 40,000 Shares of £100 each of which, only £25 is to be called up.
Called up £1,000,000.
Paid up, £501,000.
Reserved Fund, £108,000.
Head Office, No. 1 Bank Buildings, E.C. London.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
Chairman.—JAMES NUGENT DANIELL, Esq.
Deputy Chairman.—RICHARD SPOONER, Esq.

Frederick William Baring, Esq. | J. Mackrill Smith, Esq.
Thomas Cutterell, Esq. | Sassoon David Sassoon, Esq.
Philip Shore Fletcher, Esq. | The Hon. J. F. H. Stuart Wortley.
Lieut.-Colonel French. | Henry Young, Esq.
Wm. Harrison, Esq.
James Leech, Esq.

GENERAL MANAGER.—John Gussley, Esq.
Secretary.—R. Swire Tomlin, Esq.

BANKERS.
The Bank of England.
The National Bank.
The Alliance Bank (Limited.)

In Scotland, The National Bank of Scotland.
In Ireland, The National Bank of Ireland.

Branches and Agencies.

Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Kandy, Shanghai, Yokohama, Singapore, Point de Galle, Manila, Foochow, Ningpo, Hankow, Nagasaki, and Kiukiang.

Banking.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are kept, and interest allowed, until further notice, at the rate of 2 *per cent. per annum* on all daily balances not exceeding $15,000; but special arrangements may be made, if desired, for balances above that amount.

Fixed Deposits of money will be received at the following rates of Interest, viz.,
For 3 months or less at 4½ per cent per Annum
„ 2 do. do. „ 4 do. do.
„ 1 do. do. „ 3½ do. do.
and for longer periods according to arrangement.

Approved Local Bills are discounted and Advances made upon Bullion and Goods not of a perishable nature.

Exchange.

The Bank purchases Bills on Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia, and issues Drafts on England on the Bank of England, the National Bank and the Alliance Bank, Limited; and on the various Branches and Agencies of the Bank in India, China Japan and Australia, at the current rates of the day.

Office Hours 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 1.
Any further information can be obtained on application to the Manager.

ARCHIBALD STEWART.
Manager.

tf 2064 Hongkong, 10th February, 1865.

NOTICE.

ASIATIC BANKING CORPORATION.
HONGKONG BRANCH.

MR. JAMES GREIG will from and after this date take charge of the business of the Corporation here.

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
Agents.

Hongkong, 1st March, 1866.

WITH reference to the above I have to-day opened the Branch of the Corporation for general Banking business.

By order of the Court of Directors
JAMES GREIG,
Manager.

No. 11 Queen's Road
tf 391 Hongkong, 1st March, 1866.

THE ASIATIC BANKING CORPORATION
AUTHORISED CAPITAL.—£2,000,000.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital.—£750,000.
RESERVED FUND.—£175,000.
Head-Office—No. 1, Lombard Street, London.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.
F. Boykett, Esq., *Chairman*, (Messrs. Timothy Wiggins & Co.)
J. A. Russell, Esq., *Deputy-Chairman*, (Messrs. Grey and Coles, London; and Grey & Co., Bombay).
Thomas Cardwell, Esq. (Messrs. Thomas Cardwell & Co., London; and Cardwell, Parsons & Co., Bombay).
Charles A. Fearon, Esq., (Messrs. Fearon & Co. London; and late of Messrs. Augustine Heard & Co., China).
Wm. Maitland, Esq., (Messrs. Mackillop, Stewart & Co., Calcutta).
General Manager—A. Morrison, Esq. (at present in Bombay.)
Acting General Manager.—F. W. Lawrence, Esq.
Bankers.—The Bank of England. The London Joint Stock Bank.
Agents in Scotland.—The British Linen Co.
Agents in Ireland.—The National Bank.
Brokers.—Messrs. Foster and Braithwaite.
Solicitors.—Messrs. Freshfields and Newman.
Auditors.—Messrs. Coleman Turquand Youngs & Co.

Agencies and Branches of the Bank have been established at Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, Ceylon, Melbourne, Hongkong and Shanghai.

COMMITTEE IN BOMBAY.
The Hon. M. H. SCOTT, (Messrs. Ritchie, Stewart & Co.)
ROBERT HANNAY, Esq., (Messrs. Grey & Co.)
COWASJEE JEHANGHIER, Esq.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

The Corporation receive Money for fixed periods at rates of Interest (which may be ascertained on application at the Office. Current accounts are kept on which no Interest is allowed; and no charge is made for collecting Bills, Cheques, &c.

They grant Drafts on the London Joint Stock Bank and Bank of England, also on the Head Office in London, and Branches and Agencies as above, negociate Bills of Exchange, issue Letters of Credit, discount Local Bills, advance Money on approved securities, and conduct every description of Banking business connected with the East.

Further information as to the Rules of business may be obtained on application at the Office.

JAMES GREIG,
Manager.

No. 11 Queen's Road.
tf 406 Hongkong, 1st March, 1866

AGRA AND MASTERMAN'S BANK LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED IN 1833.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,000,000.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, £3,000,000.

RESERVED FUND, £500,000.

Head Office:—
35, NICHOLAS-LANE, LONDON, E.C.
Edinburgh Branch:—
17, ST. ANDREW'S SQUARE.
Paris Branch:—
10, PLACE VENDOME.
Branches:—
AT Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Kurrachee Agra, Lahore, Shanghai, Hongkong, Sydney, and Melbourne.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

CURRENT Accounts are kept, and bills &c. collected for credit of account free of charge. Deposits are received for fixed periods at rates of Interest which may be known on application. Local Bills discounted, and advances made on approved securities.

EXCHANGE.

The Bank grants Bills of Exchange on its Head Office London, and on its Branches in Paris, India, Shanghai, and Australia.

The Bank also forwards for collection Drafts Bills, &c., drawn on any of the above places.

Hours of Business 10 to 3
Saturday, 10 to 1

A. HAY, ANDERSON,
Manager.

tf 2032 Hongkong, 1st January, 1866.

Banks.

THE AGRA AND MASTERMAN'S BANK, LIMITED.

NOTICE.—A Branch of this Bank has been opened in *Paris* under the direction of—
M. ALEXANDRE DE LA-RUE, President.
M. ARÈNS DUPUOS, Member of the Lyon's Chamber of Commerce, and of the "Conseil General du Rhone."
M. EDOUARD DELESSERT, Director of the Messageries Imperiales.
M. LYNCH, C.B. F.L.S. President of the London and Bagdad Banking Association, Limited.
M. J. B. PASTRE, President of the Marseilles Chamber of Commerce.
M. CHARLES SAUTTER, Banker and Director of the Credit Lyonnais.

This Branch is now prepared to grant Drafts on its Office in Paris, and to negociate Bills of Exchange drawn on Paris and the principal cities of France, and all to forward for collection or acceptance similar documents.

Address in Paris,—No. 10 *Place Vendôme.*

THE AGRA AND MASTERMAN'S BANK LIMITED.

UND Succursale de cette Banque a été établie à Paris, sous la direction de—
M. ALEXANDRE DE LASKI, Président.
M. ARÈNS DUPUOS, Membre de la Chambre de Commerce de Lyon, et du Conseil Général du Rhône.
M. EDOUARD DELESSERT, Administrateur des Messageries Impériales, Services Maritimes.
M. LYNCH, C.B., F.L.S., Président du London et Bagdad Banking Association, Limited.
M. J. B. PASTRE, Président de la Chambre de Commerce de Marseille.
M. CHARLES SAUTTER, Banquier Administrateur du "Credit Lyonnais."

Cette Branche de la Banque est maintenant préparée et autorisée de donner et de negocier des Lettres de Change sur Paris et les principales villes de France.

Succursale à Paris,—*Place Vendôme*, 10.

A. HAY ANDERSON.
Manager.

tf 2031 Hongkong, 10th December, 1865.

COMMERCIAL BANK CORPORATION OF INDIA AND THE EAST.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
Paid-up CAPITAL, £1,000,000,
with POWER to INCREASE to £2,000,000.
RESERVED FUND £189,301
Head Office—54, Moorgate Street, LONDON, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS,
LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.
SOLICITOR,
Messrs CLARKE, SONS & RAWLINS.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, SINGAPORE, SHANGHAI, FOOCHOW, HANKOW, YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

HONGKONG BRANCH,

THE Bank negociates and collects Bills, and grants Drafts on its Branches and Agencies as above. It also acts as the Agent of parties in making investment in English and Indian public securities.

The Bank also discounts or makes advances on *Private Bills* and *Notes*, bearing at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership; or bearing only one name, if accompanied by the deposit of adequate collateral security.

Loans are granted upon produce or merchandise stored in the Bank's own Godowns, or in those of Public Companies; but under no *circumstances whatever, will any advance be made on produce or merchandise stored in the Godowns of the borrower.*

Produce and Merchandise offered in security for loans must be accompanied by a certificate of value and quality signed by an approved Inspector Broker.

Rebate of interest at 2 per cent per annum under the rate charged by the Bank will be allowed on loans paid off before maturity. Drawing accounts opened with firms or individuals. A person having a Drawing account *may* have a Discount account, but no one can have the latter without having the former.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Repayable in 1 Month 3 per cent per annum.
do. 3 „ 4 „
do. 6 „ 5 „
do. 9 „ 6 „
do. 12 „ 7 „
Office hours 10 to 4; Saturdays 10 to 2.

A. SHAW,
Acting Agent.

tf 2913 Hongkong, 5th December, 1865.

THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Paid-up Capital, £1,500,000.
RESERVED FUND, £444,000.

Court of Directors.

Harry George Gordon, Esq., Chairman.
William Scott Binny, Esq., Deputy-Chairman.
James Blyth, Esq.
John Lewis Bonhote, Esq.
William Walter Cargill, Esq.
Alexander Mackenzie, Esq.
Lestock Robert Reid, Esq.
Patrick F. Robertson, Esq.
Charles J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.
Patrick Campbell, Sub-Manager.

Bankers.
Bank of England.
Union Bank of Scotland.
Agents in Scotland.
National Bank of Scotland.
Commercial Bank of Scotland.
Dundas Cay, 23, St. Andrew Square Edinburgh.
Agents in Ireland.
Provincial Bank of Ireland.
The National Bank.
Head Office.
Threadneedle Street, London E.C.

HONGKONG BRANCH.
Banking.

The Corporation receive money on deposit repayable on demand, upon which no interest is allowed.

They also receive money on fixed deposit repayable at twelve months' notice, upon which interest at five per cent. per annum is allowed.

They discount Bills and Notes payable in Hongkong, having at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership; and they make advances upon bullion and goods not of a perishable nature, in the custody of the Bank.

Exchange.

The Corporation issue Drafts on the Bank of England payable on demand, and on the Union Bank of London payable at Six months' sight; and they grant Circular Notes for the use of travellers, negotiable in all towns of importance throughout the world.

They also issue Drafts on the Agencies and Branches of the Corporation at Shanghai, Yokohama, Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon, Madras, Mauritius, Melbourne, Singapore, and Sydney, at the exchange of the day.

Bills payable in Europe or in any of the above places are purchased or remitted for collection.

Information as to the rules of business may be had at the Office, or on application by letter to the Manager.

Office hours 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 1.

J. McDOUALL,
Manager.

tf 1162 Hongkong, 18th April, 1865.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.

PROPRIETORS of the Company's Stock are hereby informed that, in accordance with a Resolution passed this day by the Court of Directors, it is now optional to them, on applying to this Office, to have their Shares registered in either of the Bank's Branches or Agencies, at Shanghai, Calcutta, Bombay, or London, and that transfers of the Company's Shares may thenceforward be effected at any of the above places of registration; such transfers to be in the first instance approved of by the local Representatives of the Bank.

V. KRESSER,
Manager.

tf 2607 Hongkong, 18th October, 1865.

Banks.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF
INDIA, LONDON, & CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Capital paid-up £750,000.

With power to increase to £1,500,000.
Reserved Fund, £250,000.

Head-Office—No. 32, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

GEORGE Garden Ninal, Esq.—*Chairman.*

Denison Lermack, Esq. | Ellis James Gilman, Esq.
George Mory, Esq. | David Trail Robertson, Esq. ex Officio
Sir Frederick J. Halliday, Esq.
James M. Robertson, Esq.

David Trail Robertson, Esq.—Chief Manager.
William Beattie, Esq.—Assistant Manager.
Walter Ormiston, Esq.—Secretary.
William Jackson, Esq.—Inspector of Branches and agencies.

LONDON BANKERS.
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank.

SOLICITORS.
Messrs. Clarke, Sons, & Rawlins, Colemen St.

AUDITORS.
Messrs Coleman, Turquand, Youngs & Co., Public Accountants.
J. Smith, Esq., of Messrs W. Nicol & Co., Bombay.
James Joseph Mackenzie, Esq., late of Messrs. Dent & Co., China.

Branches.

Bombay.....Robert Campbell, Esq.....Agent.
Calcutta.....John Maitland Reid, Esq.....Agent.
Madras.....W. K. Nicholson, Esq...Acting Agent.
Colombo.....John Henry Davidson, Esq...Manager.
Ceylon { Kandy.....William R. Robertson, Esq....Agent.
Galle.....David G. H. Pollock, Esq.....Agent.
Singapore.....Septimus Short, Esq.....Manager.
Penang.....James Robertson, Esq.....Agent.
Shanghai.....William Jackson, Esq.....Manager.
Yokohama.....Robert Brett, Esq.....Manager.
Hankow.....Richard Maxwell, Esq.....Agent.
Mauritius.....Messrs. Richardson & Co.....Agents.

EDINBURGH DEPOSIT AGENCY,
128, George Street.
CHARLES PEARSON, Esqr., C.A.—Agent.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

Current deposits.—Accounts are kept on which no interest is allowed and no charge made for collecting Bills, Cheques, &c.

Fixed deposits.—Are received, viz:—
Repayable at 12 months.....6% per annum.
„ at 6 „ .....4% per annum.

The Bank discounts Local Bills, and Notes payable in Hongkong, having at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership, and makes advances on approved Banking Securities.

Exchange.

The Bank issues drafts on its London Office, and on the London Joint Stock Bank at six months' sight, also on its Branches above; and grants Circular Notes for the use of travellers negotiable in all towns of importance throughout the world.

Bills payable in Europe or in any of the above mentioned places are purchased or remitted for collection.

Further information as to the rates of business may be obtained at the office, or on application by letter to the manager.

Office hours 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 1.

DAVID LYALL,
Manager.

2, Queen's Road, 5 March, 1866.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING COMPANY LIMITED.
Subscribed Capital—5,000,000 of Dollars.

Court of Directors.

Chairman—HON. FRANCIS CROMPTON, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—Hon. THOS. SUTHERLAND, Esq.
Alex. F. Heard, Esq. | Geo. F. Marfleet, Esq.
Geo. J. Holland, Esq. | W. Nissen, Esq.
Douglas Lapraik, Esq. | Pallanjee Framjee, Esq.
H. B. Lemaire, Esq. | Arthur Sassoon, Esq.

Managers:—
Hongkong—Victor Kresser, Esq.
Shanghai—David Maclean, Esq.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

This Bank has this day commenced business in Hongkong, and is now open to discount Bills and grant Credits on approved Banking Securities.

Current Accounts are kept and interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent per annum on the minimum monthly balances.

Money deposits received for fixed periods at the following rates of interest:—
For 3 Months—3 per cent. per annum.
6 do —3 do do
12 do —3 do do

In addition to the above fixed rates of interest the Company has adopted the principle of setting aside a certain portion of its yearly profits to be given as a bonus on the balances employed by the Bank. Customers keeping Current Accounts and Deposit Accounts will participate equally in respect of such Bonus, whether shareholders in the Company or not.

The Company grant Drafts and negotiate Bills of Exchange on London and the chief commercial places of Europe, India, Australia, America and China.

VICTOR KRESSER,
Manager.

Offices of the Company
Wardley House No. 1, Queen's Road.
March, 8, 1866. tf 355

BANK OF HINDUSTAN, CHINA, AND JAPAN, (LIMITED.)

HONGKONG BRANCH.

INTEREST on CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS will be allowed, from and after this date, until further notice, *at the rate of 2 per cent* per annum, on all daily balances not exceeding $15,000; but special arrangements may be made if desired, for balances above that amount.

Interest will be allowed on Fixed Deposits of money at the following rates, viz:—
For 3 months certain *at 4½* per cent, per annum.
„ 2 do. do. „ 4 do. do.
„ 1 do. do. „ 3½ do. do.
and for longer periods according to arrangement.

ARCHIBALD STEWART,
Manager.

tf 279 Hongkong, 10th February, 1866.

BANK OF INDIA.
Capital, Rs. 1,00,00,000,
(£1,000,000 Sterling.)
ESTABLISHED IN BOMBAY.

Incorporated with unlimited Liability under Act No. XIX of 1857 of the Legislative Council of India.

HEAD OFFICE BOMBAY.

LONDON BANKERS, The London Joint Stock Bank
BRANCHES.—London, Calcutta, Shanghai and Hongkong.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

The Bank draws on the London Joint Stock Bank, London, on its Head Office at Bombay and Branches at London Calcutta and Shanghai. The Bank is also prepared to negotiate bills payable at either of those Places.

DEPOSITS.

Interest will be allowed as follows:—
On Deposits for 3 months certain...4 per cent.
„ „ 6 „ ...5 „
„ „ 12 „ ...6 „

The Bank discounts local bills and grants loans on approved convertible securities.

FRANCIS ANDREWS,
Manager.

Hongkong, 19th June, 1864.

Auctions.

GENERAL WEEKLY AUCTION.

LANE CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction

THIS DAY
the 9th March 1866.—At Noon.
IN THEIR SALES ROOM.
Queen's Road.

Gilman's Stores, viz:—Mustard, Salad Oil, Vinegar, Pickles, Tart fruits, French Capers and Olives, Lemon Syrup, Sauces, Jams and Jellies, Candied Peel, Currants, Sultana and Muscatel Raisins, Almonds, Tapioca, Pearl Barley, Oatmeal, Maharoni, Anchovy and Bloater Paste Bacon, Cheese.

Perfumery, viz:—Essences of Rose, Marechalle, Guards Bouquet, Verbena, Lavender Water, Circassian and Cold Cream, Oil of Roses, Milk of Roses, Bear's Grease, Marrow and Jamaica Pomatum, Tooth Powders, Soda, Seidlitz and Violet Powders Honey Brown Windsor and Naples Soaps, Lip Salve, Assorted Lozenges, &c., &c.

Glassware, viz:—Champagne, Port, Claret and Sherry glasses, Tumblers, Decanters, Dinner Services, Tea-Cups, &c.

7 pieces Foochow Bacon
100 dozens Salad Oil
And the usual miscellaneous assortment

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican dollars weighed at 7.1.7.

452 Hongkong, 7th March, 1866.

EXCELLENT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on

FRIDAY.
The 16th March, 1866—at noon, at
No 5 Wyndham Street.

Household Furniture and Effects the property of Dr. L. RICHARDSON,
Who is about leaving the Colony.

This sale will include several very desirable items of Furniture, among which are:—

A very strong handsomely built teak wardrobe.
An elegant Camphor-wood Cabinet, easily portable.
A fine solid Mahogany sideboard.
A pair of serviceable teak Wash-stands.
A substantial Dining-Table.
A Teak Davenport, Black Wood and marble-Top Teapoys, Pictures, a Penang chair, Porcelain seats, &c.
A pair of magnificent Canton Vases and a pair of Antique Chinese Vases and stands, the usual miscellaneous useful articles, and jumbles previously disposed of privately.) A well-made Teak Dispensing Counter with fittings complete.

The whole on view 15th and 16th instant.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican Dollars, weighed at 7.1.7.

478 Hongkong, 3rd March, 1866.

LAND AND HOUSE PROPERTY.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on the premises on

MONDAY,
the 26th March, 1866—at Noon,

All those pieces or parcels of land with 40 Chinese Houses standing thereon situated near the P. & O. S. N. Co's Factory, Syingpoon, and registered in the Land Office as Inland Lots Nos. 634 and 650. Inland Lot 634 measuring North, on second Street, Syingpoon, 105 feet, South on Third Street, Syingpoon, 105 feet, East on a close L. L. No. 658, 150 feet, West on Government Ground, 150 feet, in all 15,755 square feet, and Crown Rent $138.64.

Inland Lot 650 measuring North on Second Street, Syingpoon, 52½ feet; South on Third Street, Syingpoon, 52½ feet; East on a Close L. L. No. 634, 150 feet; West on a Close L. L. No. 624, 150 feet; in all 7,875 square feet. Annual Crown Rent $69.43.

Plan of the Lots and minutes of particulars may be learnt of the Auctioneers.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid on the fall hammer. The remaining two thirds within fourteen days from the date of Sale—in Mexican Dollars weighed at 7.1.7. All expenses of transfer, &c. to be borne by the purchaser.

439 Hongkong, 3rd March, 1866.

FOR SALE,
VALUABLE LAND AND HOUSES.

THE Undersigned will sell by Public Auction at an early date (if not previously disposed of by private contract) These Valuable lots of land with buildings thereon, known and registered in the land office as Inland lots No. 54, and part of lot No. 748 Queen's Road East, at present let at a monthly rental of $170 per month.

Lot No. 54, measures 100 feet square—10,000 feet; crown rent of which is £27.8.9 per annum.

Part Lot No. 748 measures 150 feet by 40 feet—6 000 feet; crown rent of which is $92.54 per annum.

Term of Crown lease 999 years.

TERMS OF SALE—One half of the purchase money to be paid on fall of the hammer, and the balance upon completion of the transfer, expenses of which to be borne by the purchaser, in Mexican Dollars weighing 7.1.7. Failing which the deposit to be forfeited and the property resold at the first purchaser's risk and expense.

The Property as soon as knocked down to be at the purchaser's risk.

MORGAN, LAMBERT & Co.
tf 361 Hongkong, 26th February, 1866.

PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., have been instructed to dispose of the remainder of the lease of a Valuable Landed and House Property, situated in a centralpart of Victoria.

A term of fourteen years is to yet to run, and the property is all at recent 1st as remunerative rents.

tf 69 Hongkong, 6th January, 1866.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSTITUENTS AND DEPOSITORS.

IT has been resolved by the Court of Directors:

Firstly. To allow a Bonus equivalent to an increase of interest at the rate of One per cent per annum on all Fixed Deposits outstanding on the 31st ultO. Such Bonus to be reckoned from the time of deposit up to that date.

Secondly. A Bonus equal to one per cent per annum will also be carried to the credit of Current account Depositors, in addition to the amount of interest already entered in their Pass Books up to 31st Dec., 1865.

Thirdly. From the first day of this Month and until further notice, interest will be allowed on Current Accounts at the rate of Two per cent per annum upon the daily Balances.

By Order.
VICTOR KRESSER,
Manager.

tf 341 Hongkong, 18th January, 1866.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY.

THE scrip certificate of the Shares of this Company are now ready; and will be exchanged for the Bankers Receipt for the calls in Cash of the New Shares or in the case of Old Shares in exchange for the original Scrip.

By order of the Committee
D. LAPRAIK, *Secretary.*

tf 3011 Hongkong, 20th December, 1865.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

IT is hereby notified that the Office of the above COMPANY, has been removed to the second floor of the Building known as "Club Chambers," above the Hongkong Chamber of Commerce Rooms.

By Order
R. B. SLATE,
Secretary.

tf 310 Hongkong, 19th February, 1866.

Intimations.

THE Corps having been invited to take part in the reception of the Governor Sir R. MACDONNELL, C.B. which is expected by next Mail Steamer, the members are requested to Muster at Volunteers' Head Quarters, as soon as possible after the Mail-gun fires, in winter Uniform, Side arms, Gloves and Forage Caps.

By order.
H. J. H. TRIPP,
Capt. Adjt.

468 Hongkong, 8th March, 1866.

DRUGGIST'S ASSISTANT.

WANTED immediately a thoroughly qualified DISPENSARY ASSISTANT. First class testimonials as to competency and character indispensable.

ALFRED WRIGHT & Co.
VICTORIA DISPENSARY
S. 14 *Wyndham Street.*

tf 310 Hongkong, 19th February, 1866.

NEITHER the Captain nor the Agents of the British Ship "*Spray of the Ocean*" will be responsible for any debts contracted by the Crew of the said vessel.

tf 262 Hongkong, 8th February, 1866

SITUATION WANTED.

BY an Englishman, who has had nearly Seven Years' experience in the China and Japan Trade, a SITUATION in a mercantile establishment, as Corresponding Clerk, or to perform general duties.

Address, X. Y. Z. "Daily Press" Office
tf Hongkong, 24th February, 1866.

HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO, STEAM BOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

UNTIL further Notice, the Steamers of the Company will run between Hongkong, Canton and Macao as follows:—

CANTON ROUTE,

The Steamer "*KIN SHAN*," Captain Haskoll will leave Hongkong for Canton, at 9 A.M. every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, and will leave Canton for Hongkong, at 9 A.M. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

The Steamer "*FIRE DART*" Captain Benning, will leave Hongkong for Canton, at 9 A.M. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday and will leave Canton for Hongkong at 9 A.M. every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

MACAO ROUTE,

The Steamer "*WHITE CLOUD*" Captain Carroll, will leave Macao for Hongkong every day (Sundays excepted) at 8 A.M. and will leave Hongkong for Macao every day (Sundays excepted) at 2 P.M.

SEASON TICKETS for Passage between Hongkong and Macao, available for Three Months may be obtained upon application at the Office of the Agents.

By order of the Directors,
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co
General Agents.

tf 2885 Hongkong, 25th November, 1865.

HONGKONG VOLUNTEERS.

LIEUTENANT W. J. HENDERSON is authorised by H. E. the Acting Governor to be the Acting Commandant of the Hongkong Volunteers during my temporary absence from the Colony.

By Order H. COHEN,
Capt. and Actg. Comdt.

tf 2990 Hongkong, 13th December, 1865.

HONGKONG CITY HALL.

SHAREHOLDERS in the above Institution can obtain Scrip Certificates in Exchange for Provisional Receipts on application to Mr. J. McDOUALL, Hong. Treasurer, at the Oriental Bank

tf 2555 Hongkong, 11th October, 1865.

NOTICE.

THE Steamer "*PO-YANG*," will soon commence running regularly between Hongkong and Macao.

Season Tickets by this Steamer, available for Three Months, can be had on application to the undersigned.

RUSSELL & Co.
tf 2867 Hongkong, 25th November, 1865.

NOTICE.

IN consequence of the compulsory order of Vice Admiral King, the house Flag of the Steamship "*Fei-o*" will be altered by the addition of an extra blue cross in the right hand corner.

GEO. S. LAITY
Commander S. S. "*Fei-o*"

tf 351 Hongkong, 21th February, 1866.

NOTICE.

NEITHER the Master, nor the Agents of the British Barque *Fair Away*, will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.

JOHN J. LUCE,
Master.

2w 465 Hongkong, 8th March, 1866.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

AN ASSISTANT in a Store, one well acquainted with Shipchandlery preferred.

Address B care Post Office.

tf 462 Hongkong, 8th March, 1866.

HONGKONG CLUB.

THE Second General Meeting of Members of the HONGKONG CLUB, will be held on Friday, the 16th March, at 6 P.M.

By order of the Committee.
GEORGE B. AYLMORE.
Secretary.

3d 433 Hongkong, 8th March, 1866.

AMOY DOCK COMPANY.

THE Committee of this Company, having arranged for the Issue of New Shares, applications for particulars, and for Shares will be received by the Secretary up to the 31st Instant.

2d 451 Amoy, 1st March, 1866.

WANTED.

A SITUATION by a Compradore who can be highly recommended. Reference may be made to ROBT. S. WALKER, & Co.

tf 217 Hongkong, February 6, 1866.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE is hereby given that the Company has this day been registered as with Limited Liability under the provisions of "THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE, 1865."

The Articles of Association lie for Signature at the office of F. J. Hazeland, Esq., Solicitor to the Company.

Dated this 2nd day of March A.D. 1

Docks.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY.

THE COMPANY'S DOCKS, at ABERDEEN and WHAMPOA, are in full working order, and the attention of Shipowners is respectfully solicited to the advantages which this Establishment offers for the Docking and Repair of Vessels.

The following description of the Premises is submitted for the information of the Public.

ABERDEEN DOCKS.

DOCK No. 1.

Built of GRANITE.

Length	330 feet.
Breadth	80 "
Depth of water at Spring Tides	18½ "
Do. Neap Tides	16 "

NEW DOCK, No. 2.

Built of GRANITE.

Length	400 feet.
Breadth	90 "
Depth of water at Spring Tides	24 "
Do. Neap Tides	21½ "

This Dock is now under course of construction.

WHAMPOA DOCKS.

DOCK A.

Built of GRANITE.

Length	550 feet
Breadth	80 "
Depth of Water at Spring Tides	16½ to 17 ft.
do. Neaps	13½ to 15 "

This can be used either as one or two Docks

DOCK B.

Built of GRANITE.

Length	340 feet
Breadth	60 "
Depth of Water at Spring Tides	13 feet
do. Neap do.	12 "

This Dock is at present in course of alteration. The above are the largest Docks in China, and they are fitted with every appliance in the way of Caissons, powerful Steam Pumps, &c., to ensure safety and despatch in work.

DOCK C.

Built of Wood.

Length,	260 ft.
Depth of Water at Spring Tides.	14 "
do. do. Neap. "	11 "

Fitted with Caissons and Steam Pumps.

DOCK D.

Length,	164 feet
Depth of Water at Spring Tides.	16.6 "
do. do. Neap "	9.6 "

DOCK E.

Length,	120 feet
Depth of Water at Spring Tides	11 "
do. do. Neap "	8 "

D. and E. are Mud Docks available for small vessels, at very low rates.

WORKSHOPS.

The Workshops on the Premises, both at Aberdeen and Whampoa, possess every appliance necessary for the Repair of Ships or Steam Machinery. The Engineer's Shops are supplied with Lathes, Planing, Screwing, Cutting, Punching Machines, &c. &c.—capable of executing work on the largest scale, and driven by steam. The Shipwright's and Blacksmith's Shops are equally well supplied with plant, and the work is entirely carried on under the Supervision of experienced Europeans.

Powerful Lifting Shears stand on a Jetty, alongside which vessels can lie in 24 feet water and take in or out boilers, masts, &c.

BOILERMAKER'S DEPARTMENTS.

The Company in addition to executing Repairs are prepared to tender for supplying new Boilers to Steamships, for constructing which they have great facilities.

FOUNDRY.

Iron and Brass Castings, either for Ships or general purposes, are executed with the utmost despatch.

STORES

The Company's Stores will (when required) supply at moderate rates: all the necessaries for Shipwork, such as Paint, Copper, Canvas, &c.

STEAM TUG.

The Company's powerful Steam TUG *Rose*, (110 Horse-power nominal) is always in readiness to Tow sailing vessels from Hongkong to the Dock *free of charge*, and will take them back or to Sea at reduced Rates.

For further particulars apply to G. N. Mitchell, General Manager at the Office of the Company in Hongkong.

D. LAPRAIK, *Secretary.*

N.B.—The Consignees or Master of any Vessel coming season to complain of the work done in the Docks, or in any way respecting the Dock arrangements, should address the Secretary on the subject—when their complaints will receive the immediate attention of the Directors of the Company.

Hongkong, April 3, 1865.

PORT OF AMOY.

SHIPOWNERS, AGENTS, and COMMANDERS, are informed that the Dock Company's Establishments, at the above Port, afford every facility for Repairing and Sparring Vessels and for Cleaning and Painting Iron and Steam Ships.

Their large GRANITE DOCK, 280 feet long on the Blocks, is in complete Working order, and at average Spring tides can take Vessels Drawing 16 to 17 feet Water. The Dock is fitted with a Caisson Gate and with a Centrifugal Steam Pump of great power ensuring despatch in all states of the tide. An ample stock is kept on hand of Timber, Oregon Spars, Sheathing Copper and Yellow Metal, and of every description of Material required for Dock Yard use.

The Premises comprise an Engineer's Workshop, a large Smithy and Carpenter's Workshop, and the Works are superintended by Resident Europeans, viz., a Shipwright, an Engineer, and a Blacksmith. Dry Godowns for the reception of Vessels stores &c., when requiring to discharge them.

tf 969 23rd Aug., March 1865.

DANES ISLAND DOCKS, WHAMPOA.

CONDUCTED BY HOW & Co.

OLD Dock, 210 feet long, can take in Vessels drawing 14 feet at Spring Tides.

One Dock, 160 feet long, can take in Vessels drawing 11 feet at Spring Tides.

There are Houses at both Docks for the accommodation of Captains and Crews of Vessels.

All kinds of Ship, and Blacksmiths Work done.

The Large Dock pumped only on Engine.

The Proprietors beg to notify the Merchants, Ship Owners, and Captains, that their charges for Docking are lower than any in China.

No Commission charged upon any Metal or Stores supplied by the Ship.

Apply to JOHN HIGH & Co, *Hongkong*, or to MR. JAMES BADENOCH, *Manager, Whampoa.*

Hongkong, 10 September, 1863.

FOOCHOW DOCK.

MARNOI POINT, RIVER MIN.

THE undersigned respectfully begs to notify to Commanders, and Consignees of Ships, that the above Granite Floated Dock is now ready to receive Vessels. Its dimensions are as follow:—length 300 feet, width at bottom 40 feet at top 95 feet, depth of water on the sill, Spring Tides, average 16 feet, Neaps 15 feet.

The Dock is fitted with a Caisson Gate and is pumped out by steam in two hours. The Shipwrights' department, under the superintendence of an experienced European Shipwright, contains a large stock of Australian and other hardwoods. Oregon Pine Lumber from one inch thick to eighteen inches square; also Spars from thirty inches, at pareers. In connection with the above is a Steam Saw Mill to insure despatch in work.

The Blacksmiths' department, under the superintendence of an experienced European, is also well supplied.

Dry Godowns, and a large Hulk for the reception of Cargo, or Stores.

JOHN C. SKEY, *Manager.*

Foochow, 15th April 1865.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY.

THE Fourth Call of Fifty Dollars ($50) per Share on the new Stock of the HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, is due on the 1st April next, and is payable at the "Agra and Masterman's Bank." Receipts for the payment of which will be granted by the Manager.

By Order of the Directors.

D. LAPRAIK, *Secretary.*

tf 293 Hongkong, 12th February, 1866.

Docks.

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA LIMITED.

THE Company respectfully beg to call the attention of Ship Owners, Agents and Masters to their Establishments at WHAMPOA, which offer every facility for the DOCKING and REPAIR of Vessels of all classes.

Their Docks in Whampoa, which comprise Four, have been in successful operation for the last Twelve Year and are now in good Working Condition.

The Docks are pumped out by a Steam Pump in Five hours and capable of taking in Vessels drawing 15½ feet at Spring Tides.

The Work Shops comprise the different Departments of the Shipwright, Blacksmiths, Boiler Maker, and Foundry—possessing all the necessary appliances for the Repairs of Ships, Steamers, and Steam Machinery.

The Stores in the different Departments consist of the best Materials, which can be supplied to Vessels on the most reasonable Terms.

A JETTY, with a powerful Lifting Shears, longside of which Vessels can lie and take out Masts, Boilers, &c

A STEAM Tug always in readiness to Tow Vessels to the Docks, free of charge, and will tow them back to anchorage or to sea at Reduced Rates.

All Work carried on under the superintendence of experienced Europeans.

For further particulars, apply to J. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary,* or CAPT. T. B. BENNELL, *Manager at Whampoa.*

N.B.—The Consignees or Masters of any Vessel seeing reason to complain of the Work done in the Docks, or in any way respecting the Dock Arrangements, should address the Secretary on the subject—when their complaints will receive the immediate attention of the Directors of the Company

tf 950 Hongkong 21th March, 1865.

NOTICE.

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA, (LIMITED.)

THE Third Call of Two Hundred Dollars ($200) per Share is due on the 8th January next and is payable at the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING COMPANY LIMITED, receipts for the payment of which will be granted by the Manager.

Interest at the rate of twelve per centum per Annum will be charged on all calls unpaid after the above date.

By order of the Directors.

J. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary.*

tf 275 Hongkong, 8th November, 1865.

The Bangkok Dock Company's NEW DOCK.

THIS Magnificent Dock is now ready to receive Vessels of any burthen and the attention of Ship Owners, Agents and Masters is respectfully solicited to the advantages for Repairing and Sparring Vessels, which no other Dock in the East can offer.

The following description of the Premises is submitted for the information of the public.

The Dimensions and Depth of water being:

Length	360 feet (to be extended)
Breadth	199 feet.
Depth of Water	15 "

The Dock is fitted with a Caisson, has a splendid entrance of 120 feet from the River with a spacious Jetty on each side, where Vessels of any size may lay at any state of the Tides, to lift Masts, Boilers etc—with Powerful Lifting Shears, which are now in the course of construction.

The Dock is fitted with Steam Pumps of Great Power insuring Dispatch in all states of the Tides

WORKSHOPS.

The Workshops comprise the different departments of *Ship-wrights, Mast and Block Makers, Blacksmiths, Engineers, Foundry, etc.*

The whole being superintended by Europeans, who have had many years experience in the different branches.

The *Workmen* are the best picked men from Hongkong and Whampoa.

The Company draws particular attention to the Great advantages this Dock offers, being in a Port where the best Teak and other Timber can be had at the cheapest cost.

A *Steam Saw Mill* is also in connection with the *Dock to insure* dispatch in work.

The *Keel Blocks* are 4 feet in height and can be taken out or shifted without cutting or causing any extra expense to ships having to get them removed.

The Company is also prepared to give estimates or enter into Contracts for the repairs of Wooden or Iron Ships; the building of New Ships, Steam Boats, etc., or any kind of work connected with shipping.

All Material supplied at Market price. Vessels for Docking may lay at the Company's Buoys or Wharf free of charge until ordered to remove by the Superintendent.

Captains of Vessels before leaving the Dock must approve and sign their Dockage Bills.

All communications respecting the docking to be addressed *until further notice* to the undersigned by whom all Bills will be signed and collected.

JOHN BOSH, *Managing Director.*

Bangkok, 18th Sept, 1865.

ly 2626 Hongkong, 20th October, 1865.

Intimations.

OWING to frequent occurrence of losses arising from Vessels employing SAND or MUD as ballast, the undermentioned Insurance Companies have mutually agreed to decline from and after the First of January next, all Insurances by Vessels thus ballasted.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

General Agents Canton Insurance Office.

DENT & Co.

Secretaries Union Insurance Society of Canton.

GILMAN & Co.

Agents North China Insurance Company.

RUSSELL & Co.

Secretaries Yangtsze Insurance Association.

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

General Agents China Traders Insurance Company Limited.

tf 3053 Hongkong, 21st December, 1865

NOTICE.

WHEREAS early in the morning of FRIDAY the 17th day of November, the Bungalow occupied by BURJORJEE NUSSERWANJEE, Esq. in Albany Terrace was burglariously entered by certain Chinese unknown, who, being armed with swords, inflicted several wounds on the said BURJORJEE NUSSERWANJEE from the effects of which he has since died.

It is hereby notified that a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, will be given by the undersigned to any person for such information as shall lead to the apprehension and conviction of one or more of the guilty parties.

N. R. MASSON, Acting Registrar, Official Administrator

Registrar's Office Supreme Court 12th Dec. tf 2993 Hongkong, 13th December, 1865.

THE HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHAREHOLDERS are requested to take Notice that the FIRST CALL of Twenty Five Dollars per Share on the Capital of the Company will be due and payable on the *6th day of November* next at the Office of "The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Company, Limited," Queen's road, Hongkong, where receipts for the payment thereof will be granted by the Bank which will be exchanged on the 20th day of November for Share Certificates on application at the Offices of the Company. Interest at the rate of Twelve per centum per Annum will be charged on all unpaid Calls.

The Articles of Association lie for signature at the Office of the undersigned and Shareholders are requested to call and sign them there.

By order of the Board of Directors, AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co. *General Agents.*

tf 2546 Hongkong, 26th October, 1865.

SURGEON required to take MEDICAL CHARGE of Chinese Emigrants to British Guiana.

Apply to THEOS SAMPSON, *Government Emigration Agent.*

tf 311 Canton, 17th February, 1865.

WANTED ON BOTTOMRY

$8000 TO 3500 for the remainder of the French bark *LA FLORE*, 589 Tons, now at Whampoa, for a voyage to Havana. Apply to the Consulate of H. I. M. Canton, 19th Feb.

The Chancellor of the Consulate, V. SALES.

tf 414 Hongkong, 3rd March, 1866.

UNDER DISPATCH

For Ningpo and Shanghai—Per "*Sheung Lean*," To-day, the 9th Instant, at 1 P.M.

For Saigon—Per "*Far East*," To-morrow, the 10th Instant, at 4 P.M.

NOW READY,

THE CHINESE CLASSICS, Vol. III., in Two Parts Price, $12. Being the Shoo King, or Book of Historical Documents, with a Translation Prolegomena, &c. By JAMES LEGGE D.D., of the London Missionary Society.

tf 2550 Hongkong, 1st November, 1865.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, (LIMITED)

SHAREHOLDERS in the above Company are hereby informed that the second call of Twenty Five Dollars per Share will be payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Company Limited, on the 15th of March next, and after which day interest will be charged at the rate of twelve per cent per annum on all overdue calls.

By order of the Directors

R. S. SLATE, Secretary.

tf 323 Hongkong, 20th February, 1866.

Overland Trade Report.

NOTICE is hereby given, that after the expiration of the present quarter, say 31st March proximo, the practice of delivering copies of this Journal to resident firms addressed to parties elsewhere will be discontinued. Orders for posting from this office will be carefully attended to, and subscribers will be supplied with printed wrappers on requisition. But it has been found impossible in the hurry of the dispatch of the mail, to separate the copies which are ordered to be posted, and those addressed to non-residents which are ordered to be delivered here.

Daily Press Office, Hongkong, 26th February, 1866.

To Correspondents.

WE shall be obliged to Correspondents if they will address letters, containing Advertisements, or requiring extra copies, simply "Daily Press." If addressed to the Editor, they will only be opened by him and may therefore be delayed.

BIRTHS.

At the Civil Hospital, Hongkong, on the 8th March, HENRY, FARRELL seaman unemployed.

At the Seamen's Hospital, Hongkong on the 8th March R. STANTON, seaman unemployed.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, MARCH 9, 1866.

NOTICE.

The "Chronicle and Directory for 1866," is now ready, price $5.

Latest Dates.

From	to the	Conveyance
	1865.	
London. *(direct)*	17th Jan.	Cambodge
Do. *(telegraph)*	11th Feb.	Glengyle
New York. *(telegraph)*	24th Jan.	"
Calcutta. *(telegraph)*	20th Feb	"
Bombay. *(direct)*	9th Feb	"
Galle. *(direct)*	18th "	Cambodge
Penang	26th "	Glengyle
Singapore	1st March	"
Saigon	25th Feb	Cambodge
Shanghai	4th March	Suwenda
Yokohama	24th Feb.	Medina
Nagasaki †	23rd Feb.	Hieg.
Peking.	Ice Bound	
Tientsin.	Do	
Chefoo, †	12th Feb.	City of Nantes
Hankow, †	22nd "	Hirade
Kewkiang, †	23rd "	"
Newchwang.	Ice Bound.	
Ningpo, †	1st March	Kiangsze
Foochow,	2nd March	Aden
Amoy,	3rd "	"
San Francisco	17th Dec.	Carl Ludvig
Manila,	28th Feb.	Wachusetts

† *via Shanghai.*

It is a mistake to suppose that the authorities of the Mint have been instructed to stop the progress of the guard house, in course of erection within their territory. That which they have been required to do, is to suspend the construction of the barracks. The original idea had been to provide proper sleeping accommodation for the military guard which it was designed to place over the property in the Mint, as soon as the establishment should be reduced to working order. The distance of the Mint from the ordinary barracks of the garrison rendered it extremely desirable that the men should have proper rest on the premises instead of being required to march to the building, keep their guard and then march back again. It is so obviously necessary to have a strong guard at the Mint, and so plainly advisable to render the extra duty which will thus be thrown on the troops, as light as possible, that we have no doubt the original idea will eventually be carried out and the establishment include proper barrack accommodation for one company. The motive however, which seems to have induced the government to suspend the progress of the works, is simply this. In view of the approaching changes in the garrison, it will be impossible to carry out the plan at first proposed. The one battalion which will come here when the 9th and 11th go away, cannot do the duty of those two regiments, and spare a company for the Mint. Until the strength of the military force here is raised, it is difficult indeed to see how the Mint can obtain the guard it requires. We believe it is in contemplation to keep a strong police force on the premises and station a gunboat close by, when the establishment is opened, and so far as the second part of this arrangement is concerned there is a great deal to recommend it. It is not easy to see how the police can spare any detachment strong enough to be of the least service in frightening off an organised attack from Chinese, more especially as the prestige of the Indian constables, "not to put too fine a point upon it" as Mr. Toots says, is not calculated to add to their actual strength. The gunboat would perhaps do more to keep off an attack of piratical junks than a company of soldiers, but it would of course be powerless against any operations on shore.

Eventually we must have an addition to the garrison either in the shape of black troops or an additional European regiment. If black troops have to be used as the mint guards, the barracks would clearly be unnecessary. The guard house, the building of which is still going on would be accommodation enough for them, but it would be far better of course to have Englishmen for this duty, and if the barracks were finished, it would be the lightest and healthiest duty which any men in the garrison could be called on to perform. To march down to East Point and spend a night in comfortable quarters by the waterside would be a pleasure, as good for the soldiers as going down to dine and sleep at a country house for smoke-dried Londoners. It would not be necessary for the troops to do sentry duty. The black police could furnish water-men to patrol the premises and wake up the soldiers, if there was any prospect of a disturbance. It would be their presence that would have the moral effect required. In pointing out this to the Home Government as an argument for the increase of the European garrison it would be a great deal for the local authorities to say that the barracks were actually built and standing idle. The temporary suspension of the work, if the builders are required elsewhere for instance, is not an evil worth speaking of, but it would certainly be wise to complete the operations which have been commenced, and render it possible to carry out the original idea altogether as soon as there may be troops in the colony by whose means that could be done. Even if we only maintained a black regiment to replace the 11th, it might be possible, by giving it as much of the ordinary guard duty as possible to relieve the 20th so far as to enable one company to remain permanently at East Point.

A WEEK or two ago, before the amateur actors of the garrison began their season, we ventured to suggest that no matter how cleverly they might get over the difficulty of playing female parts without actresses, it was not a pleasant thing to see men dressed up as women, and not easy for any theatrical company to overcome such an obstacle to its success as the necessity of giving men the female parts. It was clear that under the existing arrangement no pieces could be played but farces and burlesques of the most grotesque sort, and that if all the acting genius in the world were concentrated on the actors they could never attempt anything above this level. Revolving these thoughts we were led to make a suggestion of a fearful and revolutionary nature, to the effect that inasmuch as the actors were known to be gentlemen, it would be probable that if ladies ventured amongst them they would pass through that terrible ordeal without suffering any serious injury to life or limb. Moreover that the probabilities were, that men whom, from their social position here, it was certain the ladies would be meeting continually in private society, and with whom they were in all likelihood well acquainted to begin with, would not say or do any thing during the progress of the theatricals which could wound the sensibilities of the most delicate girl tristed amongst them. We have, however, been since assured that these theories were heretical and unsound and hasten therefore to do what can be done towards undoing the evil effect which they may possibly have wrought. To err is human and all that is permitted to mortal frailty is to acknowledge the errors as soon as grace to perceive them is bestowed.

The notion that ladies could take part in private theatricals in Hongkong, was to begin with, based on the delusive idea that customs which prevailed in Europe might be transplanted to the Far East. To see the folly of this, it is only necessary to reflect on the place filled by women in the social organisation of oriental countries. Amongst western nations who have forgotten the dignity and repose of life, women have broken away from the seclusion in which they were designed to live. The pure and elevated restraints placed on them by the wisdom of eastern sages saved them from contact with the manifold temptations of the world to which the weakness of their nature would of course make them an easy prey. In the west the hardening influences of intercourse with society have produced a species of moral sentiment in the female sex, so that the men of European training get into the habit, strange as it may seem from a distance, of treating the honor of their name to a sort of strength of mind, and right principle supposed to be instilled into women by religious training and mental culture. Of course it is far better to ensure the good conduct of wives and daughters by physical restraints, by locking them up in their own homes or only suffering them to go abroad under the watchful eyes of a guard or duenna. To imagine that life is in any way better worth having if it be shared by companions who are true to their husbands or obedient to their fathers of their free will and for right's sake, than if it be enjoyed with women who are kept from sin by means of bolts and bars, is a mistake. In fact the theory of sharing life with women emancipated from the slavery of old custom playing a part of their own in the world, in alliance with their male relations is radically improper and unsound. That which is to be admired and imitated so far as possible is the social system under which men, however much they may consort together themselves, keep their feminine belongings out of sight and knowledge of the world entirely. Perverted doctrines have been disseminated to some extent unfortunately, through the female sex, education with its usual baleful influence has been unwisely permitted to make some little way amongst feminine disciples, and they now resist, to the point of making it impossible to carry out as it ought, be carried out, the healthy system of imprisonment in harems, mental degradation and sensual development, which must still be sighed for by all men endowed with a fine sense of honor, and delicate susceptibilities. To restore it altogether is now impossible. All that can be done is to approximate to it insidiously whenever this can be done, to sap the self reliance of girls when occasion offers, to cultivate with ingenuity the prejudices of married women, and to stigmatise as immodest and unladylike every sort of act which might help them to a knowledge of the world, and so give them confidence in their own power of passing through it unscathed.

Had that heedless and immoral suggestion concerning the private theatricals been tried, the most hideous results would of course have ensued. It is customary we find for officers of the British army to insult all the female relations of their friends whenever they have an opportunity of doing this, by beguiling their innocent victims for a moment from the watchful eyes of their possessors. The officers of the 9th are particularly remarkable for this. They are a barbarous race of men, trained in camps, unused to the restraints of civilised life, hovering round the peaceful homes of Hongkong prepared to devour and destroy. Language refuses to convey, and the imagination shrinks back appalled from a contemplation of the terrible results which would ensue and the frightful scenes which would be enacted, if the wives and daughters of English merchants were handed over to the mercy of this lawless and licentious soldiery.

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Company.

At the recent shareholders' meeting, held on the 3rd the public reports of which have been somewhat imperfect, the speech of the Hon. T. Sutherland, in proposing the principal resolution was to the following effect:—

Mr. SUTHERLAND said he had to propose a resolution in regard to the Capital of the Bank in conformity with the Directors' circular dated the 26th February. The proprietors had unanimously consented at the General Meeting, to suspend discussion on this point till the present moment. It would be observed, that the proposal now before the meeting differed considerably from the Directors' first announcement of their views with regard to increasing the Capital of the Bank the reason of which simply was that the status of the Bank had since that time been altered by two important respects. He had already explained at the General Meeting, what the views of the Directors were in desiring to increase the capital. First that the Bank really required a larger amount to be paid up. Secondly that it would be a desirable policy to widen their constituency; and thirdly that the reserve or unpaid capital of the Bank being only $2,500,000 was held by the most competent authorities to be insufficient. On the last of these points he should explain that London Bankers and others from whom the Bank had to receive very large credit, in order to carry on its operations properly always looked to the amount of unpaid rather than of paid capital as the reserve from which to make good unforeseen losses. They had therefore been advised to increase their nominal capital to $10,000,000 only calling up actually such a very moderate amount of it as the Bank really required for working. Taking this and the other objects they had in view into consideration, the Directors had intended to propose the issue of New Capital to the extent of $2,500,000, which would have made the subscribed Capital of the Bank equal to $7,500,000. This they entertained under the impression that the Bank would continue for some time at least, under the Company's Ordinance of 1855. But before they could bring their proposals forward the Secretary of State disallowed the operation of that act, so far as concerned Banks, while he at the same time offered to grant the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Company a distinct incorporation on terms which he (the speaker) trusted would prove even more advantageous than ordinary registration under the "Limited Liability" law. Of these conditions, he would only say at present that they were under discussion, and any delay in completing the incorporation could only arise from the desire of the Directors to secure the most favorable terms for the interests of the Bank. One of the most prominent conditions of incorporation they have yet already knew, namely, that the Shareholders would have as is usual with all Chartered Banks to be answerable for twice the amount of subscribed Capital. They would therefore be bound to the extent not of five but of ten millions of dollars. This would fully meet the scheme of unpaid Capital looked for from London and elsewhere, and it rendered the Directors therefore, less anxious than they had been, to issue new Shares. In fact they felt that if they called for an additional $2,500,000 of Subscribed Capital that the proprietors being then answerable to the extent of $15,000,000 their responsibility would be almost needlessly increased without any commensurate object. Of course the question of responsibility for such an amount was not one likely to occur practically, but it was as well to avoid it in any shape beyond what was absolutely necessary. This then was the reason which induced the Directors to vary their original proposals. The proprietors would understand that the primary reason for additional paid up Capital continued in force. To carry on the business contracted to the Bank, the Directors would require $500,000 additional paid up Capital in the course of the present year. Comparing their business and their paid up Capital with those of other Eastern Banks, it would be seen that the latter was inadequate; and as the Bank had to spread out in other directions, than merely Hongkong and Shanghai, in order to satisfy the wants of their constituents, a call on the Shares or an issue of new Stock was imminent. In recommending the former the Directors considered that there would be a great advantage in diminishing the nominal or subscribed value of the Shares to half its present amount, and they therefore recommended that course. The subscribed Share of $125 would be a far more manageable commodity than one of double the amount, and there would also be an advantage in having one class of Shares fully paid up and one with a smaller sum paid on them. With regard to the extension of the proprietary, although the Directors considered it a most desirable object, they did not, as they were not now recommending a fresh issue of capital, feel themselves justified in asking the existing Shareholders to yield their claims in respect of any portion of the $3,000,000, which they had originally subscribed. Still if any of them felt inclined to reject the Shares to be offered them under this proposal the Directors did not doubt their ability to allot those shares otherwise, for the advantage of the Bank. With these few explanatory remarks he would beg leave to propose as follows:—"That the existing 20,000 Shares of $250 each which constitute the capital of the Bank shall be divided into 40,000 of $125. That of the latter 20,000 shares fully paid up, shall be exchanged for the Scrip held by the present Shareholders, and that the remaining 20,000 Shares on which a call of $25 per Share will be made on the 1st July, be offered at par to the present Shareholders, rateably according to the number of Shares held by each person"

[As already reported the resolution was carried unanimously.]

Summary Jurisdiction Court.

HONGKONG, 6th March, 1866.

BEFORE THE HON. J. O. WHITE, Esq.

G. THOMPSON v C. COHEN $500. Damages for non delivery of sixteen hogsheads of beer.

Mr. Mitchell instructed by Mr. Gaskell appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Pollard Q.C. instructed by Mr. Hazelhurst for the defendant.

After some preliminary conversation in which it was suggested to read the evidence in THOMPSON v FAWCETT tried in this court last week; it was resolved to begin *de novo*.

James Pierce sworn.—(By Mr. Mitchell) I put up for sale the sixteen hogsheads of ale, the subject of this action, by authority of the defendant. Mr. Thompson was the highest bidder. I put the ale up for sale by order of Mr. Q. Cohen. The sale arose by my having purchased a lot of beer (45 casks) from Mr. Cohen; of which I returned 21 casks as being unsound. I bought the forty five casks at $26 per cask. I asked the defendant what he was going to do with the twenty one returned casks? and he said "sell them of course I suppose." Being an auctioneer I asked him for the sale of them. He said "very well you cannot sell them" Two casks came to my place as a sample. That was after the above conversation. I proceeded to advertise and sell the beer by auction. The authority I received was verbal. I have sold goods for the defendant before and by similar verbal orders. I sold this beer in pursuance of verbal orders. That was all that passed between the defendant and me. In the verbal instructions I received, there was no limit of price given. At the auction I sold to two persons. The plaintiff bought sixteen casks at $0.75. After the sale I gave a delivery order to Mr. Cohen to plaintiff. The plaintiff came back to me and said that the defendant had refused to deliver the beer. I wrote to defendant a letter before I spoke to him about it. This is the letter (produced.)

The letter which was dated the 25th January was then read. It was to the effect that the writer had sold the beer by auction pursuant to a conversation between himself and defendant; and asking the latter to deliver it to the purchasers.

Examination continued:—I saw the defendant the day after I wrote this letter, and I asked him why he did not deliver the beer? I had also received a letter (read) to the effect that defendant was going to sell the beer but never intended selling it without a reserve price.

Mr Pollard explained that Messrs Philips Moore & Co had not anything to do with this transaction. The Mr Moore spoken of, and the defendant, were not partners in that firm, but were both clerk employed in the house; neither were they themselves in copartnership. This beer belonged entirely to the defendant.

Mr. Mitchell said Mr. Moore seemed however to act with authority in regard to this matter.

Examination continued—After this first conversation with defendant I had a second one, in which the defendant said I had sold the beer cheap. He said "cheap" or too "cheap"—I do not remember which. He said also that he would not deliver the beer; and told me to get out of it the best way I could. I told him that if there was any bother about it I should hold him responsible. He made no reply; but shrugged his shoulders. There was nothing more passed between us.

By Mr Pollard.—In my examination just now I said that the defendant (Cohen) said to me "very well you can sell them." The words in my letter written next day alluding to the subject are correct. Both versions are correct. Two casks came down to my place. They did not come down of themselves. They were not sent down: I sent for them. The defendant never sent me any beer. I wrote to the defendant asking him to send me the beer. I received no reply to that letter. I did not know at the time that the defendant was not in the Colony. I sent for the beer because it was not sent to me. I sent my assistant Mr Bleakman. I told him where to go; to ask for two casks of beer. I sent my assistant with the message that he was to ask for the beer, as I had authority from the defendant to sell it. I do not know if the message tallied in part is the same as the import of this letter. I did not send for some samples to sell by: I sent for the twenty-one casks, but only got two. I had no authority to look upon these two casks as samples. I knew nothing to the contrary. I never sold any goods before for the defendant. I have sold goods before for the firm of Messrs. Phillips, Moore & Co. It is possible I may have sold goods for the defendant. I cannot remember to have done so. I cannot go so far back as to show any case in which I have sold goods for them without having a limit. I think I have done so but I cannot say when. I have sold for them under both written and verbal instructions. Each with reserve and without reserve. I never had any goods from them that were not sold at the auction at which they were put up. The defendant did not send me any of this beer for me to sell it for him by auction. I am certain that I sold the ale at the auction as unsound ale. I sold five casks to Kettle first; the two casks which I had received being put into that lot. I did not sell those two to Thompson. I sold him sixteen casks that were never sent to me for sale. The sixteen casks which I sold to plaintiff were lying at the time in Phillips Moore's godowns. I did not have the whole lot brought to the auction rooms in order to save godo hire. It is not contrary to custom to sell beer without the casks being there. At the time of the sale I told the plaintiff the casks were in Phillips Moore's godowns. I told him that they belonged to Phillips Moore & Co., or to Mr. Cohen. I explained that I had bought a lot of beer; and that these casks had been returned as unsound. I first put up a lot of five, and Kettle bought them. I then put up five more with the option of taking the lot. It was all sold under the description as unsound beer. It was after the sale that I said I was not quite sure whether I was doing right or not. That remark had no particular meaning; it was an observation of mine. I did not say so because I had any doubt as to my authority to sell. It was merely a casual remark. If the plaintiff says, that I said those words before I knocked the lot down, he says that which is not true. I said it after he had bought the lot. It was not after he took the first five and before he took the lot. It was after the whole lot had been sold to him. When any person buys a quantity of goods at my auction the sale is booked. This sale was booked. I said, the above words after the sale was booked. I gave the plaintiff a delivery order on the defendant. I said the above words before I gave him the order. The defendant did not tell me, to advertise the sale by auction of these goods. It never dawned on my mind that I ought to have some more specific orders before selling the beer. I sold it without reserve because it was unsound beer. The defendant never told me he would put a limit to it. The first time I saw him after the sale, he told me that I had acted without authority. He repudiated the sale in fact.

By the Court—I have been an auctioneer for some time. I sometimes sell by auction without having the goods in the store.

Mr Mitchell said it would be but fair to Mr. Pierce if the judge would allow him to call a merchant who was in court to prove the custom of trade in regard to selling by sample. The learned counsel said in China, the greatest sales were effected by sample.

His Honour said it would not be necessary to call any witnesses to prove that at present. It would be establishing a dangerous precedent, to admit any extraordinary power in an agent in the case of selling goods, even if supported by custom; which could not be allowed to override law.

Mr. Pollard then addressed the Court upon the legal points involved, and quoted the judgement rendered in *Smout v. Ilbery* as being applicable to the present case. The learned counsel said that he considered that judgement might have been given for the plaintiff in the previous action, and then the defendant might in a subsequent action, have tried if he could have proved that he had derived authority from Mr. Cohen to sell the beer, and if so, that gentleman would be clearly liable.

His Honour observed that if he had not made Mr. Cohen defendant, he should have had to dismiss the previous summons.

Mr Pollard continued as it was, he denied ever having given Mr. Pierce any authority to sell the beer, as he had sold it; and in fact, the two casks that he had been obtained from the godowns, had been obtained under false representations. The learned counsel then called and examined: Charles Cohen sworn—I sold a lot of beer to Fawcett & Co., twenty one casks of which were returned on my hands. Some time after in a conversation I had with Mr. Pierce he asked me what I was going to do with the returned beer? I said "I am sure I don't know, sell them of course I suppose" He then said "will you let me sell them?" I said "yes, you can sell them." I gave him no further instructions at that time. I said "I will send the beer round to you." I received the beer and also that the beer had been sold as unsound beer. The fact of the beer being unsound, justified the presumption that a speedy sale was desirable, as everyday's age might add to its unsoundness; and he (the learned judge) thought that the auctioneer had acted for the good of the defendant, in sending for the two casks as a sample. He would not for a moment entertain the fancy price which the plaintiff had run upon the beer, as the measure of damages he had sustained. It was possible that by a fluke some good casks were included in the number, but he could not assume that to be the case. He (the learned judge) was of opinion that Pierce had acted in this case in a precipitate and indiscreet manner, but his indiscretion had not been of a character to vitiate the sale. The beer had been sold as unsound beer, and he would give judgement for the plaintiff for the value of unsound beer, viz: $108; the money he had paid for the sixteen hogsheads; and he would allow him $2 as interest for six weeks. He should give the plaintiff a decree for $110; and as Mr. Pierce had acted most imprudently in the matter; and had been the cause of both actions; he should order him to pay the costs in both actions.

Mr. Mitchell then asked for the delivery of the beer, even supposing it to be unsound, instead of the repayment of the $108; and quoted an act of Parliament which authorized the judge to do so.

His Honour said that the act made it discretionary with the judge; and in this case he would not like to comply with the request of the learned counsel, even if he were sure he had the power to do so.

To the Editor of the Daily Press.

SIR,—Allow me to correct a slight error in the issue of the 6 h.

Mr Frikers is not the proprietor of the British Hotel, or neither has he been authorised to pay any debts contracted by the House. He is only manager. Mr. Carr, is the sole proprietor.

Yours truly, H. J. CARR.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

Arrival of the "Glengyle."

THE *Glengyle* was permitted to enter the harbor yesterday, and her news became public. She left Calcutta on the 21st of February, Penang on the 26th and Singapore on the 1st of March. The Calcutta papers contain no later telegram from Bombay than one dated the 9th of February. The *Thunder* left Calcutta at the same time, but had not arrived at Penang when the *Glengyle* left.

At Calcutta there had been heavy rains accompanied by hail and the crops were considerably damaged.

Late telegrams from Europe.

London 5th February.—Cotton 11¼d.; Yarn 25, shipments 14 maunds: Indigo quiet; Sugar declining; Rice 16.

London 7th February.—Sir Charles Wood has resigned, on account of ill health.

London 7th February.—Cotton, 11¼d.; Yarn 25d.; Shirtings, 14½s.; Indigo; quiet; Sugar, decreasing; Rice 16s.

London, 8th February.—Cotton, 1s., brisk; Saltpetre, 24½; Linseed, 50s.; Silk, easier.

London, 10th February.—Cotton, 11¼d.; Shirtings, 14½.; Jute, 24; Shellac, 115; Safflower, advancing.

London 12th Feb.—Fair Dhollera 16d to 16½, market quiet. Bengal cotton 12½d. Consols 89¾. Exchange on Calcutta and Madras, is 11½d to 1s 11d. On Bombay 2s.

The proceedings of the Royal Commission in Jamaica have commenced—English advocates have been engaged on behalf of Messrs. Gordon, Underhill, and others.

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Patna and Rs 1415 for new Benares, old Patna was at Rs 1400 per chest.

We quote to-day—New Patna Rs 1550, New Benares Rs 1450; Old Patna Rs 1450, Old Benares Rs 1425 per chest.

The *Thunder* and *Glengyle* both leave to-morrow morning.

Thunder carries 1769 chests of opium for Hongkong for Singapore 25, for Penang 10, Singapore or Hongkong 170. Total 1805 chests. *Glengyle* for Hongkong 1465, Singapore 35, Penang 10, for Singapore or Hongkong 735. Total 2245 chests.

Shipping News.

The R. I. S. N. Co's steamer *Asia*, Captain Baxter, was advertised to leave Calcutta shortly after the *Glengyle* and *Thunder*, for the Straits and China.

It is reported that the new three masted French schooner *Ch ri et Julie*, from Rangoon to Singapore with a full cargo of Rice, was totally lost on the morning of the 25th instant, on a reef somewhere in the neighbourhood of the Carimous.

The rights of the piratical story about the *Sarah and Maria* appear to be as follows according to the Captain's statement which we take from a Singapore paper.

The Hamburg barque *Sarah and Maria* left Hongkong at 4 30 A.M. on the 12th instant, in company with the Bremen barque *Johanna* and a Siamese ship, the former bound to Tientsin and the latter south. Experienced good and breezes till we got to the entrance of the Tonkin channel, at about 10 A.M., when the wind fell light. Several suspicious looking lorchas were dodging about not far ahead of us, first on one tack and then on the other, apparently endeavouring, though without the use of oars, to get near us. To enquiries from the pilot as to the character of the lorchas, he replied, he did not know; but seemed very anxious to get his money and be off, his wife in the boat astern being evidently much alarmed. My suicions were now aroused and I told the pilot that he must remain until the ship was clear of the land, on which he told me that the lorchas were piratical vessels and would soon attack us. He then ordered the ship to be put about, which was done. The *Johanna* also put back and steered towards the Siamese ship which was three miles astern. Two of the lorchas held the same course, but the smallest one chased us for the purpose, the pilot said, of cutting him off in revenge for betraying them. We had four good guns all loaded with canister, but the pirate, who was now gaining on us, probably seeing our preparations changed his course and steered after his companions. We signalled the Siamese ship to bear company till outside the land, and in order to show the pirates that we were prepared for them each fired a round of solid shot. The Siamese ship have seven guns on board of her, the *Johanna* five, and we seven.

At 11 A.M. fine breeze sprung up. At this time the pirates made off towards the land and anchored under shelter of a small rocky Island. At 2 P.M. when about 20 miles outside the island we parted company.

The Mail steamer *Ottawa*, which left Bombay on the 15th instant, for Galle, the Straits and China, had not arrived at Penang when the *Glengyle* left.

Bankow.

From the Hankow Times, February 17th, 1866.

Week after week we long to announce the end of the disgraceful occupation of the surrounding districts by the rebel forces, but are obliged to report only a protracted state of affairs in the same position as our last week's notice left them. The Chinese Government are quite satisfied with having secured so far the safety of Hankow, and consider that such success stamps their arms as victorious, while it really brands them with infamy for allowing unarmed and undisciplined mobs to set them at defiance, and to plunder and rob within sight of their canons a defenceless and helpless peasantry. The chief cause of this is the individual criminality of every officer concerned, who diverts from its proper uses the money which should be employed in paying and arming the troops. It is the fact that some soldiers the officers dare not employ, as they do not wish to put to a crucial test to their loyalty sapped by long arrears of pay, and others they cannot from want of powder, shot, or some equally simple but important item. Never till driven by some strong, stern rule the Chinese Government walk in the ways of honesty, and never till then can China be civilized, happy, or able to realize her enormous resources.

The subscription made by foreigners for the sufferers has had a most unexpected and greatly relive result. The Mandarins on hearing of the distribution of rice have most magnificently set similar charities on foot at several points of the town, and have already allowed Tls. 10,000 for the purpose, and, if necessary, will double the sum. This royal munificence and many private societies formed for the same end and will, it is to be hoped, alleviate the misery and preserve the life of almost all.

We had heard that some decisive news would have been obtained by a party of some half dozen foreigners who accompanied the Commander of H.M. Gunboat "Algerine," but Wednesday on a visit to General Li-yang at his camp, but there is really nothing to tell, as there is nothing done. The party was hospitably received and the General undertook to show them the enemy and his own prowess; but the Niemfei were so far from his camp that the visitors were obliged to return having only seen the General and his bonnes given in official chair to three or four mounted robbers. The country they passed throug was most completely ravaged and depopulated the only inhabitants being the old and infirm in the villages scattered here and there.

Six prisoners have been executed by the Mandarins at Hankow and Wuchang, but under circumstances of such revolting brutality that it would be neither decent nor warrantable to give the details.

Cricket Match.

PLAYED ON THE 2ND MARCH, 1866.

Princess Charlotte, Adventure and Persevr.
VERSUS
Surveying Vessels Rifleman, Serpent, and Swallow.
PRINCE'S CHARLOTTE, &c.

	1st Innings.		2nd Innings.
Mr Jolly, l b w b Reid	2	b Dawes	4
Mr Tonge, b Reid	7	b Dawes	0
Mr Pearce, run out	13	b Reid	3
Mr Sockrath, b Reid	0	b Dawes	1
Mr H. Dawson, c Lys, b Reid	2	b Reid	2
Mr Cryan, run out	13	c Graham b Reid	3
Mr Hirzel, c and b Reid	8	c Martin b Reid	30
Mr Barney, b Dawes	2	run out	2
Mr Fraser, b Reid	0	not out	0
Mr Mourityan, c Lys, b Reid	0	c Hamilton b Dawes	8
Mr Kains, not out	0	b Dawes	0
B 18, l b 1, w 4, no balls 1	24	B 10, w 3	13
Total	78	Total	97

SURVEYING VESSELS.

Mr Brodie, b H. Dawson	0	b Pearce	5
Mr Dawes, c Hamilton b Sockrath	7	b H. Dawson	5
Mr Hamilton, b H. Dawson	0	b H. Dawson	5
Mr J. Nayer, b H. Dawson	3	b Pearce	0
Mr W. Dawson, b H. Dawson	18	b Pearce	12
Mr Lys, c Pryal b Sockrath	5	c Sockrath b H. Dawson	5
Mr Forbes, b H. Dawson	0	not out	0
Mr Reid, run out	22	c Barney, b H. Dawson	3
Mr Gordon, c Mourityan, b Hirzel	6	c H. Dawson, b Pearce	0
Mr J. Lediard, b Pearce	0	b Pearce	0
Mr Martin, not out	4	c Perm b H. Dawson	5
B 3, w 1	4	W 1	1
Total	69	Total	46

COMMERCIAL POSTSCRIPT.

Hongkong, 8th March, 1866.

OPIUM.—Patna, cash, New, $750 old, $755, Benares, cash, $765, sales old, $675, quoted, Malwa, cash, $855, quoted. Second sales, Patna, new, $720, quoted old, $695, sales, Rates fluctuating. Market excited.

CORRIS.—Japan none. Ningpo $28 to 30 Shanghai Ar., $26 to 29, Bengal, $23 to $25 small sales.

RICE.—Bengal & Manila, 2.80 to $3.00 Siam Saigon Rangoon, &c., $2.50 to $2.80 quiet.

EXCHANGE.—Bank Bills on Calcutta at 3 days' sight, 219 Rs. at 30 days' sight, 221 Rs. quoted. On Bombay 1 to 3 days' sight, 21-½ Rs. at 30 days' sight, 220 Rs. quoted. On London at 6 months' sight, 4s. 8d. sales.

GOLD LEAF.—$23.70 to $24 nominal—scarce.

SYCEE.—⅞ per cent, premium, quoted.

Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Co's Shares, 8 per cent premium, off, and 4 per cent premium, new. Shares sales.

Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co's Shares, 40 per cent premium for buyers.

Hongkong Gas Company's Shares 30 per cent premium firm.

Union Dock Company's Shares 4 per cent discount, buyer.

P. C. & M. Steam Co's shares, 30 per cent discount, quoted.

Notices of Firms.

WE have authorised Mr. AUGUST BAHRMEISTER to sign our firm per procuration.
OXFORD & Co.
3m 43 Hongkong, 1st January, 1866.

NOTICE.

WE have to-day authorised Mr. LOUIS HAUSCHILD, to sign our Firm per procuration.
BAHLMANN & Co.
6m 4 Hongkong, 1st January, 1866.

WE have authorised Mr. P. C. Kracke to sign our Firm per procuration.
EDUARD SCHELLHASS & Co.
2m 277 Hongkong, 10th February, 1866.

MR. G. von Zilteingsloewen is authorised to sign our firm per procuration, from this date.
WM. MATHIEU & Co.
3m 263 Batavia, 2 th December, 1866. f-0

NOTICE.

MR. M. DE LANGE, has this day been admitted a partner in our Firm.
LANDSTEIN & Co.
tf 15 Hongkong, 2nd January, 1866.

NOTICE.

MR. MILLER has ceased to be in my employ, and I will not be responsible for any debts he may incur after this notice, from the date whereof he has no authority to sign my name.
LEONARD BARNES.
Queen's Livery Stables.
tf 420 Hongkong, 3rd March, 1866

THE interest and responsibility of M. EDWARD GOODWIN HEDGE in our firm ceased on the 31st January, 1866, and Mr. THOMAS B. HEDGE was admitted a partner at that date.

Mr. T. B. CUNNINGHAM is authorised to sign our firm from this date.
HEDGE & Co.
3m 226 Foochow, 1st February 1866.

WE have this day admitted Mr. W. HOLTZAPPEL as a Partner in our Firm.
LINCKER & Co.
tf 2179 Soatow, 10th August, 1865. 22-8

WE have established a Branch of our Firm at Chefoo, and Mr. J. D. THORBURN will sign our Firm per procuration at that place.
MEADOWS & Co.
tf-2890 Tientsin, 2nd November, 1865.

NOTICE.

MR. FREDERICK CHARLES BROWN has this day been admitted a Partner in our firm, which now consists of Messrs W. WILSON, B. NICHOLLS, and F. C. BROWN.
WILSON, NICHOLLS & Co.
tf 3 Amoy, 1st January, 1866.

MR. JAMES GEORGE CASWELL, is this day admitted a Partner in our Firm.
WM. G. HALE & Co.
6m 2631 Saigon 1st, October, 1865. 10-21

For Freight or Charter.

THE A 1 British Barque
"PRIDE OF THE WEST,"
Captain Crowan, of 321 tons Register.
Apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
tf 2873 Hongkong, 28th November, 1865.

THE A 1 French Barque
"BENGALI,"
432 of Tons Captain Deniaute.
Apply to
LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.
tf 53 Hongkong, 5th January, 1866.

Vessels on the Berth.

FOR TAMSUI AND KELUNG.
THE British Barque
"GLENDOVEER"
Captain Knowles, of 481 Tons Register, will meet with immediate despatch for the above ports.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
(signed) UGENT & Co.
tf 457 Hongkong, 7th March, 1866.

NOTICE.

THE Steam-ship *SUWONADA* Captain Joyce, will be despatched for Shanghai TO-MORROW, afternoon at three P.M.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
4d 561 Hongkong, 7th March, 1866.

FOR SAIGON.
THE A 1 French Barque
"EPREM,"
Captain Rousand, will have quick despatch as above.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
LANDSTEIN & Co.
1w 453 Hongkong, 7th March, 1866.

FOR SHANGHAI & YOKOHAMA.
THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steam-ship
"SINGAPORE,"
will leave for the above places on the arrival of the next English Mail.
THOS. SUTHERLAND,
Superintendent.
Hongkong, 7th February, 1866.

FOR SINGAPORE AND BOMBAY.
THE Steam-ship
"JOHN BRIGHT,"
Dethune Commander, will leave for the above Ports, on or about the 12th instant.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
F. B. CAMA & Co.
1w 454 Hongkong, 6th March, 1866.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
THE following vessels are now loading for the above port, and will have early despatch.
The Danish clipper brig
"CARL LUDIVIG,"
Captain Caulsend.
The Hamburg clipper ship
"ALINE,"
Captain Kien
For Freight or Passage apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
tf 427 Hongkong, 5th March, 1866.

FOR TIENTSIN.
THE A 1 Prussian brig
"CAROLINE,"
Captain Paulsen, will have quick despatch as above.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
E. & J. MEYER.
tf 428 Hongkong, 5th March, 1866.

FOR LONDON.
THE A 1 British clipper barque
"ETZELS,"
245 Tons Register, will be dispatched on or about the 14th March.
For Freight apply to
ADAM SCOTT & Co.
101 433 Hongkong, 4th March, 1866.

FOR SHANGHAI CHEFOO AND TIENTSIN.
(Custom House Jetty)
THE Hamburg Steamer
"CHINA,"
will have quick despatch for the above Ports.
For freight or Passage, apply to
SIEMSSEN & Co.
1 387 Hongkong, 26th February, 1866.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
THE A 1 American Ship
"MARY GLOVER,"
will have immediate despatch.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
tf 175 Hongkong, 25th January, 1866.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.
THE
"TEUTONIA,"
Captain Christoffers will have quick despatch.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
HOSMAN & Co.
tf 290 Hongkong 8th February, 1866.

FOR MELBOURNE, DIRECT.
THE A 1 British Ship
"JOSHUA BATES,"
Wm. Cutler, master, will be despatched as above, after the Chinese Holidays
For Freight or Passage apply to
PARKER & Co.
tf 275 Hongkong, 10th February, 1866.

Vessels Loading.

Destination	Vessel's Name	Captain	At	For Freight apply to	To be Dispatched
LONDON	Etheln		Hongkong	Smith Kennedy & Co.	14th March.
MELBOURNE—direct	Joshua Bates	Wm. Cutler	Hongkong	Parker & Co.	Quick dispatch.
SAN FRANCISCO	Mary Glover		Hongkong	Augustine Heard & Co.	Quick dispatch.
Do	Teutonia	Christoffers	Hongkong	Hosman & Co	Quick dispatch.
Do	Carl Ludivig	Caulsend	Hongkong	Russell & Co.	Quick dispatch.
Do	Aline	Kien	Hongkong	Russell & Co.	Quick dispatch.
SAIGON	Epreem	Bonound	Hongkong	Landstein & Co.	Quick dispatch.
TIENTSIN	Caroline	Paulsen	Hongkong	E. & J. Meyer	Quick dispatch.
SHANGHAI	Suwanada	Joyce	Hongkong	Augustine Heard & Co.	To-morrow.
SHANGHAI & YOKOHAMA	Singapore		Hongkong	P. & O. S. N. Co.	Quick dispatch.
SHAI, CHEFOO, & TIENTSIN	China	Knowles	Hongkong	Siemssen & Co	Quick dispatch.
TAMSUI & KELUNG	Glendoveer	Bathune	Hongkong	Dent & Co.	Quick dispatch.
SINGAPORE & BOMBAY	John Bright		Hongkong	F. B. CAMA & Co.	About the 12th inst.

For Sale.

Ex Mail Steamer "*Jeddo*."
RICH BLACK GLACE SILKS, 75c, to $2.50 per yard, wide width.
Fancy Colored Silk Dresses, $6.50 to $8 per Dress, Ball and Dinner Dresses, (very choice.
Ladies Trimmed Hats.
" Bonnets.
Belt Ribbons, etc., etc.,
SAYLE, PEACOCK & Co.
Victoria Exchange.
tf 3067 Hongkong, 27th December, 1865.

FIGS, FIGS, FIGS, FIGS.
BOWRA & Co. have just received from Smyrna per last French Mail a few Boxes of Elme ELEME FIGS.
1 3081 Hongkong, 22nd December, 1865.

FOR SALE.
THREE HOUSES Situated in Mosque Gardens between Shelley and Mosque Streets, each containing ten Rooms, exclusive of outhouses, with a fine view of the Harbour.
Apply to A. J. S. Office of this Paper.
tf 78 Hongkong, 9th January, 1866.

COALS suitable for HOUSEHOLD purposes.
Apply to
R. S. WALKER & Co.
tf 2815 Hongkong, 18th November, 1865.

ENGLISH Made BOOTS and SHOES.
Apply to
ALLUM.
Queen's Road, opposite the Market.
1y 2318 Hongkong, 14th September, 1865.

A small Invoice of
Canvas,
Dowlage and Twine,
White Lead,
White Zinc,
Green Paint.
For particulars apply to
JOHNSON & Co.
tf 2928 Hongkong, 6th December, 1865.

RECEIVED BY LAST MAIL.
RADDLASSES.
A fine assortment of superior JEWELLERY for Ladies and Gentlemen, by Wolsham; and Mathews and Peak, London.
O. HOSHSTETTER,
Queen's Road.
tf 272 Hongkong, 10th February, 1866.

EX French Mail Steamer and "*Dipsusund*" from London.
Ladies and Gentlemen's Paris Kid Gloves, all colours.
Ladies Chantilly Lace Lappets and Collars.
A large assortment of Chignons in every shade of colour.
Gentlemen's Black Paris Dress Hats,
do. Drab Felt Dress Hats.
Ladies Corsets and Belts.
A well selected lot of fancy barege dresses suitable for the present season, from $3.50 per dress length of 12 yards.
Ladies Black Silk Mantles from $9 each.
Ladies White Satin Boots and Shoes.
" Black and fancy Hair Nets.
" Belt Buckles, Combs, etc.
Handkerchiefs, plain Linen, Lace and embroidered Coloured Damasks and Tassells.
A. BOYER.
tf 240 Hongkong, 7th February, 1866.

MANILA CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.
For Sale, Retail.
CERTIFIED CAVITES, CHEROOTS AND CIGARS. Very Superior and in prime condition.
per Box of 500 ..... $8
SUPERIOR GOVERNMENT CIGARS AND CHEROOTS. November make in prime condition.
per Box of 500 ..... $6.50
Apply to
L. J. DA SILVA.
Office of this Paper.
1452 Hongkong, 22nd May, 1865.

BY THE LAST OVERLAND MAIL AND LATE ARRIVALS.
MULLER & CLAUSSEN have received their last Invoices of Winter Clothing and have now on hand a large and well selected Stock of every Outfit Article, comprising,—
Wingscapes,
Overcoats,
Heavy complete Suits,
Dockskin and Light Tweed Suits in great variety.
Finest Dress Coats, and Frock Coats,
" Black Trousers and Vests,
Crimean and Merino Shirts,
White Shirts and Shirt Collars,
Merino and Woollen Socks,
Merino and Silk undershirts and Drawers,
Neckties and Shawls,
Felt Hats,
White and Coloured Kid, Dermkin, and Woollen Gloves,
Boots and Shoes (Paris-made)
Umbrellas (Fox Patent)
Walking Sticks, Sword Canes.
Also.
Finest Black Cloth, Black and Coloured, Buckskins, White and Fancy Flannels, Tweeds, etc., etc.
Also.
Perfumes, Essences, Pomades, Soaps, etc.
Toys in great variety.
And.
A large assortment of Ladies Boots,
tf 2952 Hongkong, 7th December, 1865.

HOCK STEINBERG 1857 in Cases of 1 dozen
HOCK JOHANNISBERG 1857, Cases of 1 dozen.
SPARKLING MOSELLE NONPARIEL, in Cases of 1 dozen.
HOCK EHRENBREITFIN, PALE, in Cases of 1 dozen.
Apply to
REYNOLDS & Co.
tf 1636 Hongkong, 10th June, 1865.

EX "*LADYE LOYE*."
JUST ARRIVED AND FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED.
AN invoice of De Lossy & Co's CHAMPAGNE.
DE SILVER & Co.
tf 97 Hongkong, 11th January, 1866.

SULPHURIC ACID in cases of 150 lbs. net each.
Apply to S., office of this paper.
Hongkong, 20th March, 1865. 945

JUST OPENED.
Ex "*Sovereign of India*"
SUPERIOR Log Lines, Crect Glasses, Bowsprit, Mast Head and Side Signal Lanterns,
Patent Water Closets, Wood and Copper Pumps, Composition and Galvanized Iron Spikes,
Lowmoor Boiler Iron, Round Iron assorted sizes,
Bar Steel, Ship's Compasses, Hemp Packing, etc., etc., etc.
THOS. HUNT & Co.
1m 347 Hongkong, 24th February, 1866.

CAVITE No. 2 Cheroots and Cigars, in cases of 10 mils. Manila No. 2 Cheroots and Cigars, in Cases of 10 mils.
Also.
"Imperiales" in boxes.
"Regalia" in boxes.
"Londres" in boxes.
No. 1 Cheroots and Cigars in boxes.
No. 3 Cheroots and Cigars in boxes.
E. GARRITA,
Hollywood Road.
tf 2199 Hongkong, 23rd August, 1865.

FOR SALE.
FRESH Gram,
Castor Oil,
Coir Rope,
Canvas.
T. WALLACE.
East Point.
1m 459 Hongkong, 6th March, 1866.

EX "*Windward*" from New York Deliverable from Ship if immediate application is made.
100 Bbls. Extra MESS BEEF.
100 Cases Refined KEROSENE OIL.
Apply to
BELL, PURDON & Co.
Spring Gardens.
1w 434 Hongkong, 5th March, 1866.

For Sale.

THE undersigned have the honour to inform the community of Hongkong, that they have received ex Mail steamer "*Behar*" a large assortment of the finest and most fashionable Clothes, as
Dress Suits
Black Sack and Shooting Jackets
Black Pants and Vests
Buckskin Suits
Flannel Suits
Coloured Shooting and Sackinats.
A large assortment of Woollen Drawers and Undershirts.
White Cotton and Linen shirts, towels, cot.
They also have received a well assorted invoice of French and English Boots.
LADAGE ORLKE & Co.
3w 302 Hongkong, 16th February, 1866.

EX "*Dipsusund*"
Dawson and Sons (London made)
BOOTS and SHOES.
MULLER & CLAUSSEN.
tf 254 Hongkong, 7th February, 1866.

AT THE BAZAAR EUROPEAN.
UHLMAN beg to invite his Friends and the Public to inspect his New Stock of Drapery, Haberdashery, Hosiery Jewellery and Fancy Goods, &c., received by last Mail, which will be disposed of at very moderate prices, viz:—
Cotton, Linen and Woollen shirts.
Ready made Clothing.
Felt Hats (assorted Shapes and Colors.)
Table Covers.
Towelling.
Men's Socks.
Rugs.
Umbrellas.
French and English Boots.
Perfumery.
Opera Glasses
Watches (Gold and Silver.)
Gold Chains.
Meerschaum Pipes and Cigar Holders, and several other Articles too numerous to mention.
tf 2590 Hongkong, 18th October, 1865.

NOW READY.
BOUND VOLUMES of the TRADE REPORT for the year 1865. Price $10.
Daily Press Office.
tf 267 Hongkong, 9th February, 1866.

FOR SALE.
A Schooner Yacht about 14 Tons; Thirty five feet long, half decked, newly coppered and rigged, with Sails, Anchors, Chains and Ballast, etc., etc.; the property of a Gentleman about leaving the Colony, will be sold cheap; for particulars etc. apply to
TALBOT & Co.
114 and 116 Queen's Road
2w 3362 Hongkong, 26th February, 1866.

500,000 Feet Pine and Fir Timber Plank and Board from 1 inch thick up to 12 inches square.
25,000—Cubic Feet Teak Timber. Plans and Boards, from 1 inch thick up to 14 inches square.
Ladies Black Silk Mantles from $9 each.
Ladies White Satin Boots and Shoes.
" Black and fancy Hair Nets.
" Belt Buckles, Combs, etc.
Handkerchiefs, plain Linen, Lace and embroidered Coloured Damasks and Tassells.
A. BOYER.
tf 240 Hongkong, 7th February, 1866.

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For Sale, Retail.
CERTIFIED CAVITES, CHEROOTS AND CIGARS. Very Superior and in prime condition.
per Box of 500 ..... $8
SUPERIOR GOVERNMENT CIGARS AND CHEROOTS. November make in prime condition.
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Finest Dress Coats, and Frock Coats,
" Black Trousers and Vests,
Crimean and Merino Shirts,
White Shirts and Shirt Collars,
Merino and Woollen Socks,
Merino and Silk undershirts and Drawers,
Neckties and Shawls,
Felt Hats,
White and Coloured Kid, Dermkin, and Woollen Gloves,
Boots and Shoes (Paris-made)
Umbrellas (Fox Patent)
Walking Sticks, Sword Canes.
Also.
Finest Black Cloth, Black and Coloured, Buckskins, White and Fancy Flannels, Tweeds, etc., etc.
Also.
Perfumes, Essences, Pomades, Soaps, etc.
Toys in great variety.
And.
A large assortment of Ladies Boots,
tf 2952 Hongkong, 7th December, 1865.

HOCK STEINBERG 1857 in Cases of 1 dozen
HOCK JOHANNISBERG 1857, Cases of 1 dozen.
SPARKLING MOSELLE NONPARIEL, in Cases of 1 dozen.
HOCK EHRENBREITFIN, PALE, in Cases of 1 dozen.
Apply to
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tf 1636 Hongkong, 10th June, 1865.

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100 Bbls. Extra MESS BEEF.
100 Cases Refined KEROSENE OIL.
Apply to
BELL, PURDON & Co.
Spring Gardens.
1w 434 Hongkong, 5th March, 1866.

For Sale

EX "*Dipsusund*"
DRAB SHELLS ANGLESEA HATS,
MULLER & CLAUSSEN.
tf 255 Hongkong, 7th February, 1866.

FOR SALE.
CLEAN BENGAL GRAM at $1½ per bag in quantity.
Apply to
A. L. AGABEG, Jr.
tf 363 Hongkong, 26th Feoruary, 1866.

A SMALL Invoice of Choice Genuine HAVANA CIGARS.
Regalia de la Reynia Flor.
do. do. do. Fina.
Media Regalia Flor.
do. do. Fina.
Conchas Flor.
Conchas Flor Fina.
Also,
Choice Cavite and Manila Cigars.
Imperiales, Cabalieros, Regalias & Londres.
No. 1, Cavite Cigars, in Boxes of 250.
No. 2 do. do. in Boxes of 500, of 1863, 1864, and 1865
No. 3, 4 and 5 Cigars in Boxes of 500.
No. 1 Cavite Cheroots, in Boxes of 250.
No. 2 Cavite Cheroots, in Boxes of 500 of 1864 and 1865.
No. 3 Manila Cigars and Cheroots of 1861, 1863, 1864, and 1865.
No. 3 Manila Cheroots of 1863 and 1865.
Apply to
A. L. AGABEG, Jr.
No. 71 Wellington Street, Upstairs.
1y 2704 Hongkong, 1st November, 1865.

JUST OPENED.
Ex "*Dipsusund*"
WATER Guages, Vacuum & Pressure Guages, Gauge Cocks and Glass do, Steam Whistles, Box, Single, Parallel and Portable Vices, Salinometers, Thermometers, Hydrometers, Double and Single Blacksmith's Anvils, Portable Forges, Blacksmith's Bellows, etc., etc., etc.
THOS. HUNT & Co.
1m 348 Hongkong, 24th February, 1866.

COMPLETE SET OF PARLOR FURNITURE CONSISTING of Green Velvet Chairs, Sofas, Ottomans, Marble Top Table, Whatnot, Looking-Glass, etc., for Sale by
H. B. BARBOUR,
with RUSSELL & Co.
tf 36 Hongkong, 4th January, 1866.

EX MAIL STEAMER, & "*SYDNEY EGGERS.*" FROM LONDON.
A Large assortment of Fancy Dresses.
Poplins, Linos, Ball Dresses, Black and Coloured French Merinos, &c.
A carefully selected stock of the newest and choicest patterns in Silk and Cloth Mantles.
Very elegant Zouaves and Capelines in Silk and Cloth,
Plain and embroidered muslin Handkerchiefs.
" trimmed with Lace.
Woollen and Cotton Hosiery.
A very large lot of French Boots for Ladies.
" " " and Slippers for Gentlemen.
A selection of the newest styles in Straw and Felt Hats for Ladies.
Woollen Cloths, Cassimeres, &c. in great variety
Felt Hats for Gentlemen, newest shapes,
Linen and Cotton Shirts.
Crimean Flannel
Gentlemen's Shirt Collars of all the newest patterns.
Neckties and Scarves, white Muslin dress Neckties.
Fancy Petticoats, white and fancy Flannel, white Cricketing Flannel, printed French Calicoes, &c., &c.
French and English Perfumery from the best manufacturers.
Articles de Paris, such as Dressing cases (Ladies and Gentlemen's) Burrings, Fancy Combs, &c.
A large assortment of Toys for Children, Parlour Games, &c., &c., &c.
And.
A well assorted stock of best English Saddlery, &c.
Sticks, Umbrellas, Travelling Trucks and Port, manteaus.
Horse Medicines, Manual de Misa, Semana Santa, Imitation, Mes da Maria, &c., &c.
Also.
A large and well selected lot of printed Wall Paper with and without borders,
A. BOYER
Corner of Wellington and d'Aguilar Streets, opposite the Club Chambers.
tf 2864 Hongkong, 2nd December, 1865.

JUST LANDED.
EX *Fiery Cross Dipsusund* and *Sovereign of India.*
Guinness' Stout in quarts and pints bottled by Burke in Dublin.
Bass Pale Ale in quarts and pints.
ditto in wood.
Hennessy's and Martell's Brandy.
Gingerwine, Gingerbrandy, Orange bitters and Old Tom from Swain Bond & Co.; Old Port and Pale Sherry of different brands, Peacock's patent composition for Iron vessels.
Hubbucks White Zinc and lead.
ditto red lead, black paint, etc., etc.
ditto Boiled and raw Linseed oil in casks.
ditto Bright and Black varnish.
York hams from Compton Brothers.
Wiltshire Cheese " ditto.
Breakfast Bacon " ditto.
Oilman's stores of every description.
Cocoa and Milk in tins.
Chocolate and Milk in tins.
Best dutch Chocolate in cakes.
LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.
tf 237 Hongkong, 5th February, 1866.

JUST RECEIVED.
LADIES Black Silk Mantles, Colored Opera Cloaks and Hoods.
A choice Assortment of Flowers, Wreaths, etc.
White Kid Gloves.
White Kid Boots in all qualities for evening wear.
Also Ladies Walking and House Boots and Shoes.
Cricket and Boating Shoes, by
H. MARSH & Co.
tf 47 Hongkong, 5th January, 1866.

294 Pieces SAIGON TIMBER, suitable either for building purposes, or for Wharves. This Wood will resist the attack of Worms in Sea Water, and is Proof against White Ants.
Dimensions from 30 @ 35 feet, length 14 @ 20 inches square.
Apply to
RUSSELL & Co.
tf 2568 Hongkong, 13th October 1865.

FOR SALE.
THE HOUSE known as the

Extracts.

The Coming Session.

(From the Post.)

As is customary, the leader of the House of Commons has issued a circular to the members who are expected to sit on the Ministerial side of the House, expressing his hope that they will be in their places when Parliament meets for the despatch of business. The communication to the same effect which Mr. Disraeli has addressed to the members the of Opposition is now to be considered. Since the secession of the Peelites the Conservative party has never perhaps been in a better condition, or in a more hopeful frame of mind than it now is. If there are members who have obeyed their chief in the Commons mistrustfully and reluctantly, they must at present apprehend the expediency of recognising his authority. As the cards are shuffled, Mr. Disraeli would seem to have a chance of winning the game if he play judiciously. There is, however, no saying what may come to pass even before Parliament meets, and if Mr. Gladstone is not a clever tactician—which remains to be seen—he is at any rate a self-reliant and determined statesman. He must be perfectly conscious, too, that the existence of the Administration depends upon his policy. Until they hear it from his own lips, or discern it in his propositions, the House and the country may reasonably believe that he is impervious to dictation. But, at all events, the Opposition will have the advantage which discipline gives in Parliamentary hostilities, and, with ordinary discretion, this circumstance may render the numerical disparity of the two sides comparatively unimportant. At the same time, it is plainly visible to lookers on that, if the Ministry is weak, its weakness arises mainly from the lack of common political fortitude and foresight. The introduction of a Reform Bill may or may not be evidence of the absence of proper strength. Any measure that went to resolve the question in a statesmanlike way would probably be considered without reference to the obviously irregular course of proceeding. A member who has, it may be presumed, received Mr. Gladstone's circular, remarked the other day that he had always "detested" the £10 borough franchise and it is not at all improbable that, if the subject is discussed comprehensively, the desire to revise the Reform Act will serve to modify and reducemany objections to change. Moreover, the most formidable of those objections Mr. Gladstone may himself be able to remove. It is for him to prove to the House that the Government is acting independently, and that he is prepared to take the opinion of Parliament irrespective of party divisions, and to abide by it. There can be very little doubt that such a declaration, firmly made and fairly carried out, would place real power in the hands of the leader of the House of Commons. Parliament may be quite disposed to improve the Reform Act. The argument that it has worked well upon the whole is good as far as it goes. Still, the anomalies it created are at least equal to those which it abated, and the £10 householders, as a body have certainly neither elevated nor purified the representation. But, in the first place, Parliament may require to be satisfied that the present Ministers of the Crown are competent to deal with a matter of so much importance. Mr. Gladstone's primary difficulty appears to be that he cannot come before the House standing on his own confidence. It may be easy to conceive what he would say if he was in a position to speak for himself. That, however, is not the case, and, as representing a Ministry on trial, he must condescend to explain many things that might otherwise be taken for granted. If Mr. Bright, like Mr. Forster, a member of the Administration, it might possibly be assumed that he had consented to follow Mr. Gladstone; but, as it is, Mr. Gladstone will have to make it manifest that he is not influenced by Mr. Bright. He will not be called upon to reveal the secrets of the Cabinet, though they are apparently not concealed from Mr. Bright, but it may be expected that he will pledge himself personally to any course he takes; and although Mr. Gladstone may be capable of dissembling his meaning in a political sense, there can scarcely be a member of the House who would not be able to ascertain at a glance if the minister was not responsible for the Reform Bill. Everybody is aware that he is not afraid of "fancy franchises," and, in point of fact, they are not the franchises which he has, by his social and economical measures, been thoughtfully providing for. But if Mr. Gladstone were to propose what Mr. Bright calls a simple scheme, and were to propose it with official reticence, as the organ of the Cabinet, he would have to be a good deal more explicit to convince the House that the Ministry had not been acted upon by "fire-pulling." Of course he may choose to cast in his lot with his colleagues; but, whatever his faults may be, the country would regret the sacrifice. While the Whigs are passing out of the public calculation it is felt that Mr. Gladstone might save the Liberal party from disintegration, and that he has professed principles which would form a solid foundation for its reconstruction. Supposing, however, that it is desirable to review the Reform Act, there is unfortunately a total absence of any general understanding as to the mode of revision. It must always be borne in mind that the question is purely a theoretical one—that is to say, there is no demand for any change. The working classes cannot be prevailed upon to take an interest in the proceedings of the so-called National Reform League. Even Mr. Hughes fails to attract and keep an audience, and, at the thinly-attended meeting over which he presided last week in the borough he represents, almost every speaker looked at the subject from a different point of view. Some were opposed altogether to receiving an extension of the franchise by instalments, while the majority agreed—and it was their only agreement—that whatever measure was brought forward by the Government would be merely a means to the end they were seeking to compass. It is needless to observe that if this is said in the House of Commons, or if the measure submitted by Ministers admit of such a construction, nothing can be done. On the other hand, it may be thought convenient to terminate the controversy on crotchets by a definite and durable modification of the representation that was established thirty years ago; and if so, one question would be as to the most suitable manner of deliberating on the Ministerial proposition. It is very well for irresponsible persons to say that if the House of Commons does not humbly assent to whatever the Ministers of the Crown suggest it will be forthwith dissolved. Mr. Gladstone, we may be sure, will not commit himself to any threat of the kind. The House will not be at liberty to take the course it thinks best, and also that which is the least likely to interfere with more urgent legislation. There is not the shadow of a reason for attempting to force a premature decision, and it is incredible that Parliament will of its own motion voluntarily and gratuitously keep to a conclusion in the dark when it can procure light and proceed with proper caution.—*(Post.)*

DANCING.—In an age of revivals and societies for the promotion of benevolent aims, it is surprising that nothing has been done to revive the almost extinct domestic dance. How it was that dancing went out of fashion is a easy enough to remember. The chief culprits were the Evangelical clergy and their fold-wers. They had their own favourite forms of dissipation, and would endure no rivals in the field. It was obvious that if society went on in its old ways the supremacy of the preachers of the new school could not be established. Amusements that tended to promote the growth of feelings hostile to the Puritanical view of human life and of the fruitless future lot of the immense majority of mankind were a nuisance, and must be abated. So a very odd and original notion was started. Playgoing, cards, and dancing were ticketed as "worldly." If you asked what made these three things worldly, you were told that they were in vogue with worldly people. If you asked how you were to know what people were worldly, you were informed that worldly people were those who went to the theatre, played at whist, and danced; while the outward and visible sign of the non-worldly was their preference for missionary meetings, tract, and hymns. If you objected that this kind of reasoning was a mere arguing in a circle, you were informed that you had a worldly mind, to which statement there was plainly nothing to be said in reply. If you looked into Evangelical books to discover why it was worldly to dance with a young lady, but not worldly to hand her to dinner, you met with the same style of dissertation that you heard in *ores rotundis*; unless, indeed, you took up such a book as Adam Clarke's Commentary on the New Testament in which the beheading of John the Baptist at the request of a young lady who had just been dancing is adduced as a proof of the crimes which young gentlemen as well as young ladies are led to commit through the influence of quadrilles.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

WEEKING, CEARNS & Co.
PHOTOGRAPHIC ESTABLISHMENT,
111, Queen's Road, Central,
(Opposite the Stag Hotel)
OPEN FROM 9 A.M., till 5 P.M.
tf 224 Hongkong, 2nd February, 1866.

Houses, Lands, Tenements, &c.

TO LET.

TWO ROOMS to Let one in the upper floor of the London Inn for 8 or 9 months with gas laid on and one in verandah, for further particulars apply to

G. W. SNELLING.
London Inn.
1w 481 Hongkong, 8th March, 1866.

TO LET.

A MARINE Lot No. 185, on the left side of Wingkee Coal Store, Praya, West Point. Rent moderate,

Apply to KONG-YUNE.
Toong-mun-Lane, Queen's Road.
tf 443 Hongkong, 6th March, 1866.

FOR SALE OR TO BE LET.

THE Property at Poochow formerly occupied by Messrs FLETCHER & Co. consisting of GODOWNS, Ten Hong &c.

Apply to H. W. WOOD, and W. KAYE.
tf 412 Hongkong, 2nd February, 1866.

TO LET.

THE spacious premises on the Queen's Road—now occupied by Messrs PARKER & Co.—admirably suited for a Banking institution or large Mercantile firm.

Apply on the Premises.
tf 274 Hongkong, 16th February, 1866.

TO BE LET.

THE House in Wellington Street, (formerly occupied by the late Central Police Station.) It contains a lot of Dining Rooms and Drawing Rooms, 21 Bed Rooms, 6 Bath Rooms, Servants Offices, Stables and Godowns.

For further particulars apply to,
O QUANEE.
Bank of India Comprador.
or Messrs Augustine Heard & Co's Comprador.
tf 98 Hongkong, 12th January, 1866.

TO RENT.

A SPACIOUS GODOWN on the Praya Central.

Apply to DE SILVER & Co.
tf 129 Hongkong, 17th January, 1866.

WITH immediate possession, BELMONT, a Detached residence with the adjacent Grounds at Pokfoolum, now occupied by Messrs. SIEMSSEN & Co.

Apply to GILMAN & Co.
No 6 Praya.
tf 2252 Hongkong, 31st August, 1865.

FOUR new Large HOUSES, on the Praya Eastward of the East Guard House, each having a two-storied detached Granite Godown.

Apply to J. M. D'ALMADA,
Bridges Street.
tf 2937 Hongkong, 6th December, 1865.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

THAT newly erected commodious Dwelling HOUSE containing eight Rooms, Kitchen, Choltes Rooms, etc., also Stabling and Garden grounds situated next the residence of Captain Thomson, West Point, between Bonham and Pokfoolum Roads on Inland Lot No. 752, For terms apply to Mr. Thos. M BARRINGTON, 39, Wyndham Street.
tf 2931 Hongkong, 6th December, 1865.

WHARFAGE AND GODOWNS.

TO LET, GRANTS GODOWNS, abreast of the WANCHI WHARF, with or without use of the Wharf now completed, where vessels can be hadened and discharged.

Apply to S. E. BURROWS & SONS,
tf 978 Hongkong, 24th March, 1865.

FOR SALE, OR LET.

THAT Large Detached Dwelling house known as "*HARPERVILLE*," containing 10 large Rooms, Water laid on in the Bath Rooms, Kitchen Pantry, and large Stables detached; at present occupied by Col. Jenner;—Possession can be had on the 1st February.

For further particulars, apply to
J. W. PEARCE.
tf 29 Hongkong, 3rd January, 1866.

TO BE LET.

2 GRANITE GODOWNS on Marine Lot. No. 745 at Wanchi, having Water frontage and about 25000 Picals holding capacity for one or two.

Apply to DORABJEE NOWROJEE.
f 35 Hongkong, 4th January, 1866.

THE No. 2 and No. 4 Two Storied Godowns in Spring Gardens, Praya, Marine Lot No. 24 and 25, with Offices, Comprador and Servants Rooms, and Cookroom, having a Capacity of 2500 Tons each.

apply to J. J. DOS REMEDIOS,
tf 1991 Hongkong, 25th July, 1865.

THE OFFICE and GODOWN situated at the corner of Wellington and Aberdeen Streets, and at present in the occupation of Messrs GILMENHURST and SANDER.

For particulars apply to
GIBB LIVINGSTON & Co.
tf 863 Hongkong, 7th March, 1865.

THE premises recently occupied by Messrs RAY & Co. Possession can be taken from 1st day of January next.

Apply to HONGKONG DISPENSARY,
tf 2873 Hongkong, 29th November, 1865.

With immediate possession.

THE Property known as "ALMACK PLACE," having a frontage of Eighty three feet on Wellington and Gaoe Streets and of two hundred and twenty nine feet on Aberdeen Street, comprising a Moorlofical area of about 19000 square feet.

Annual Ground Rent £42.13.6.

For further particulars apply to
GIBB LIVINGSTON & Co.
tf Hongkong, 24th February, 1864.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A nicy and spacious Bungalow containing six Rooms, bath Rooms and Servants Offices, and commanding the whole view of the harbor and town, and delightfully situated behind the Albany Southward of Mr W. H. Alexander's residence.

Apply to E. PESTONJEE,
594 Wyndham Terrace.
tf 282 Hongkong, 12th February, 1866.

TO LET.

THE Upper Floor of the Detached House in the Queen's Road of which the Offices of the undersigned form a portion, situated at the Corners of Ice House Street and Duddell Street. The Floor comprises five Rooms and four Bath Rooms, with Kitchens &c., complete, and are suitable for either Offices or for a Dwelling and Offices.

Apply to R. S. WALKER & Co.
tf 381 Hongkong, 27th February, 1866.

TO BE LET.

OFFICES in the Queen's Road Central with immediate possession.

Apply at the MEDICAL HALL.
1m 326 Hongkong, 20th February, 1866.

Storage.

STORAGE, can be had in Granite Godowns next to the French Consul at Duddell Street on moderate terms.

Apply to RAY & Co.
tf 1778 Hongkong, 30th June, 1865.

LIGHTERAGE AND STORAGE.

THE Undersigned will undertake to land Cotton, Rice, Goods and other Merchandise in their own Boats and to receive the same on Storage in first class GRANITE GODOWNS on moderate terms.

RUBT. S. WALKER & Co.
tf Hongkong, 4th March, 1863.

STORAGE.

TO Let A fine GRANITE GODOWN, in the Eastern part of Wanchi.

For particulars apply to LANDSTEIN & Co.
tf 2727 Hongkong, 4th November, 1865.

Insurances.

LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY (FIRE AND LIFE)

CAPITAL TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against the risk of Fire on Buildings or on goods Stored therein, on Coals in Matsheds, on goods on board Vessels, and on hulls of Vessels in Harbour, at the usual terms and conditions.

Proposals for Life Assurances will be received and transmitted to the Directors for their decision.

If required, protection will be granted on first Class Lives up to £1000 on a single Life.

For rates of premiums, forms of proposals, or any other information

Apply to OXFORD & Co.
Agents at Hongkong and Canton.
1y 2721 Hongkong, 3rd November, 1865.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for Hongkong and Canton, and are prepared to grant Insurance Policies against fire on brick and tiled godowns, Dwelling Houses, &c., and on goods and others property stored therein.

THE BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED.
tf 2814 Hongkong, 18th November, 1865.

HAMBURG, BREMEN, FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are now authorized to accept assurance against Fire at Hongkong and at all of the open ports in China to the amount of Marks Banco £30,000 on one Risk.

WM. PUSTAU & Co.
Agents.
Hongkong, 23rd March, 1861.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept INSURANCES against FIRE upon European Buildings and Merchandise, and upon Chinese Property.

LYALL, STILL & Co.
192 Hongkong, 20th October, 1864.

"ORIENTAL INSURANCE SOCIETY."

THE undersigned having been appointed Agent in China for the "Oriental Insurance Society" of Bombay is prepared to accept Marine risk on goods and freight by sailing Vessels and Steamers, and grant Policies on the usual terms payable in case of loss in Hongkong, Calcutta, Bombay and London.

DHURUMSEY POONJABHOY.
tf 3017 Hongkong, 16th December, 1865.

PHŒNIX FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The undersigned are prepared to grant Policies in this Office on the usual terms and conditions to the extent of £10,000 on any one building with its contents, or to the extent of £5,000 on three or more separate buildings in the same company, and also to the extent of £30,000 on ship in Harbour, or their Cargoes.

SMITH KENNEDY & Co.
Hongkong, 27th October, 1862.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from Town and their contents.	½ per cent. per annum.
Other dwelling Houses used strictly as such and their Contents	¾ per Cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	1 per Cent

GILMAN & Co.
Agents North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.
tf 866 Hongkong, 16th March, 1865.

LONDON AND ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE OFFICE.
137 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.
JAMES HARTLEY & Co.—*Managers.*
ESTABLISHED 1843.

THE Undersigned is authorised to accept risks on behalf of this Office, by First Class Steamers.

THOS. SUTHERLAND,
Agent.
tf Hongkong, 17 March, 1863.

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above named Company at Hongkong, are prepared to grant Policies, payable at any of the following Ports:—

London.	Madras.
Calcutta.	Melbourne.
Bombay.	The Cape.
Kurrachee.	Shanghai.

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
Hongkong, 1st August, 1863.

LONDON AND PROVINCIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies at the usual Terms.

SMITH KENNEDY & Co.
204 Hongkong, 4th November, 1864.

LIFE ASSURANCE.

THE undersigned have received authority by a recent Mail to issue Life Policies for amounts not exceeding £1,000 without reference to the Head Offices, as was previously required by the Board.

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Co.
555 Hongkong, 7th January 1863.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurance viz.—

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses, removed from town and their contents.	½ per Cent.
Other dwelling Houses used strictly as such and their contents.	¾ per Cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their Contents	1 per Cent.

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
Agents Phœnix Assurance.
tf 879 Hongkong, 8th March, 1865.

GUARDIAN FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES ON PREMIUM.

DETACHED and Semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from the Town, and their Contents, ½ per cent.
Other Dwelling Houses, used strictly as such, and their Contents, ¾ per cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., &c., and their Contents, 1 per cent.

ALFRED WILKINSON & Co.,
Agents
tf 2050 Hongkong, 24th October, 1865.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company at this Port, are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the amount of $80,000 on Buildings or on Goods stored herein.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co
tf Hongkong, 24th August, 1864.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from Town, and their contents	½ per Cent.
Other Dwelling Houses used strictly as such, and their contents,	¾ per Cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents,	1 per Cent.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.
Agents China Fire Insurance Company.
tf 873 Hongkong 8th March, 1865.

BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong for the above named Company, are prepared to grant Policies against sea risks at current rates.

RUSSELL & Co.
1022 1.4 tf Hongkong, 1st April, 1865.

AMICABLE INSURANCE OFFICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Insurance Office, are prepared to accept Marine Risks and issue Policies on any First-class Sailing Vessels or Steamers on the usual terms, payable in case of loss, in China Singapore, Calcutta, Bombay, or London.

ROB S. WALKER & Co.
tf Hongkong, 8th October 1863.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON.

A RETURN of fifteen per cent instead of ten per cent will for the future be made on the premium payable on policies issued in China by the above named society.

(signed) DENT & Co.,
Secretaries,
1m 110 Hongkong, 2nd March, 1866.

Insurances.

CHINA TRADERS INSURANCE COMPANY, "LIMITED."
Capital 1,000,000 Dollars.
IN 200 SHARES AT $5,000 EACH

Managing Committee.
WILLIAM NEILSON, Esq., (Messrs Olyphant & Co.)
JOHN W. MCLELLAN, Esq., (Manager, Commercial Bank Corporation of India and the East)
RICHARD DEACON, Esq., (Messrs. J. M. Bird & Co.)

General Agents.
MESSRS AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

THE Head Office of the Company is at Victoria, Hongkong, and Agencies have been opened at the following ports where Policies for Marine Risks will be issued upon the usual terms.

At Canton, Messrs AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
At Foochow, Messrs AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
At Shanghai, Messrs AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
At Hankow, H. G. BRIDGES, Esq., at Messrs Augustine Heard & Co.
At Kiukiang, JOHN PASTORIUS, Esq., at Messrs Augustine Heard & Co.
At Swatow, Messrs BRADLEY & Co.
At Amoy, Messrs. Boyd & Co.
At Tientsin, Messrs FERGUSSON & Co.
At Bangkok, F. BLAKE, Esq., at Messrs Augustine Heard & Co.
At Saigon, Messrs W. G. HALE & Co.
At Singapore and Penang, Messrs BOUSTEAD & Co.
At Calcutta, Messrs. Whitney Brothers & Co.
At Rangoon, Akyab and Bassein, Messrs. NERAMEE & Co.
At Manila, Messrs RUSSELL & STURGIS.
At Yokohama, A. O. GAY, Esq., at Messrs Augustine Heard & Co.

Agencies at other Ports of China and Japan and also in India, Europe and America, will be shortly established.

Payment for losses will be made in London India and wherever an Agency of the Company exists, in one Month after proof of loss.

In addition to the usual Brokerage of 10 (Ten) per cent, a further return of five per cent, upon Premia will be made to all Insurers with the Company.

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
General Agents.
tf 2779 Hongkong, 11th November, 1865.

THE ELPHINSTON INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents in China for THE ELPHINSTONE INSURANCE COMPANY of Bombay, are prepared to take Risks to the extent of one lakh of Rupees in Sailing Ships and one lakh and a half in Steamers, payable in Bombay, Kurrachee, Cochin, Colombo, Madras, Calcutta, Rangoon, Moulmain, Singapore, Shanghai, London, and Liverpool, at which Port the Company has organised branches.

JAMSETJEE, NUSSERWANJEE & Co.
460 Hongkong, 1st January, 1865.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPNAY

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurances viz:—

Detached & semi detached Dwelling Houses removed from Town and their contents.	½ per Cent.
Other dwelling Houses, used strictly as such and their Contents	¾ per Cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their Contents.	1 per Cent

GIBB LIVINGSTON & Co.
Agents Imperial Fire Insurance Company.
tf 864 Hongkong, 7th March, 1865.

LIVERPOOL, LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurances viz.—

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from Town and their contents.	½ per Cent.
Other Dwelling Houses used strictly as such and their contents.	¾ per Cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	1 per Cen

SMITH, KENNEDY & Co.
Agents Liverpool, London, and Globe Insurance Company
tf 869 Hongkong, 8th March, 1865.

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

Capital— ONE MILLION STERLING.

THE Directors have the pleasure to announce the appointment of Messrs. HOLLIDAY WISE & Co., as Agents for this Company at Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, and Foochow, who are prepared to grant Insurances at Current Rates, and of whom all needful information may be obtained.

By Order of the Board
JAMES B. NORTHCOTT,
Secretary.

YANG-TSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Secretaries and Agents of this Association, are prepared to issue Policies upon Marine Risks at current rates of premium. Policies can be made payable in LONDON, NEW YORK, BOMBAY CALCUTTA, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, FOOCHOW and SHANGHAI.

In addition to the usual brokerage this Association returns to the assured of any year at the close of each current year, fifteen (15%) per cent of the profits of the Company for that year divided pro rate to the amount of premium paid by each policy holder.

RUSSELL & Co.
Hongkong, 9th November, 1862.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, Tls. 2,000,000
in 100 Shares, of Tls. 5,000 each
Paid-up Capital: Tls. 200,000

Directors.

GEORGE TYSON, Esq., (Messrs. Russell & Co.)—*Chairman.*
J. H. BELL, Esq., (Messrs. W. R. Adamson & Co.)
F. PORTER, Esq., (Messrs. Gibb, Livingston & Co.)
J. THOMSON, Esq., (Messrs. Thomsen, Bros & Co.)
R. R. TYRES, Esq., (Messrs. Olyphant and Co.)
A. J. HOW, Esq. (Messrs. Johnson & Co.)

Agencies are established at the several ports China and Japan.

C. JOSEPES,
Secretary.
Shanghai, 22nd August, 1864.

REDUCTION

In the rates of Premium for FIRE INSURANCE.

THE undersigned have (as already intimated in their Circular dated 14th October last) received authority from the Secretary of the Royal Insurance Company to reduce the rate of Premium under certain circumstances, on private residences and or Furniture and effects therein contained.

In cases of Dwelling Houses removed from the Town the rate of premium will be three quarters per Cent in place of one per Cent per Annum as hitherto charged, and in cases of Residences, so situated being detached or semi detached the rate will be further reduced to one half per cent.

The Royal's annual rates for fire Insurance on the various classes of Buildings and their contents will therefore remain as follows until further notice, viz:—

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses, (removed from the Town) and their contents.....	½ per Cent.
Other Dwelling Houses (similar in situated) and their contents.....	¾ per Cent.
Offices and Godowns, and their contents.....	1 per Cen
China Houses and 1 First Class, their contents.....	1½ per Cent
Second Class	1¾ per Cent

Other Risks by Special arrangement.

ROBERT S. WALKER & Co.,
Agents, Royal Insurance Company
tf 714 Hongkong, 7th January, 1865.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

CAPITAL £2,500,000 FULLY SUBSCRIBED.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents for this Company are prepared to accept Marine and Fire Risks on the usual terms.

THE BORNEO COMPANY LIMITED.
tf 780 Hongkong, 12th February, 1865.

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE.

FROM and after this date a return of Fifteen per cent, in lieu of Ten per cent as formerly, will be made on all Policies issued in China by the above office.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Agents Canton Insurance Office
tf 400 Hongkong, 1st March, 1866.

Business Announcements.

BOYOL & Co.
SHIPCHANDLERS, COMPRADORS, AUCTIONEERS,
AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS,
Vessels supplied with Water and Ballast

Billiard and Bowling Alley,
TAKAO Formosa.
3m. 3024 Hongkong, 18th December, 1865.

WHAMPOA, CANTON, AND HONGKONG BUTCHER AND COMPRADORE COMPANY LIMITED.

THE Undersigned Manager to the above COMPANY, begs to return his sincere thanks to his Customers and the Public for the liberal support he has received, and takes this opportunity of informing them that he has extended the Premises in Central Market, Stall 101, and hopes by strict attention to merit a Share of PUBLIC PATRONAGE.

Orders given on the arrival of the Steamers punctually attended to.

Joints Cut to suit Customers.
CORNED ROUNDS, HUMPS, AND BRISKETS ALWAYS ON HAND
A constant Supply of
CORNED PORK AND BEEF TONGUES.
Shippers Supplied on moderate terms.

J. FRISBY.
Manager,
tf 3 4 Hongkong, 17th February, 1866.

10 Years of experience, and success, by the undersigned, of the *Pommade des Chatelaines* and *con Parrachute des Cheveux*, will be our good guarantee for the Ladies and Gentlemen of this Colony wishing to Preserve the hair of their heads in this climate.

Also a good assortment of all articles of Perfumery, just received and sold by.

JULES BUZIERE & Co.
Hair Dressers and Perfumers,
Queen's Road Central.
1m 205 Hongkong, 13th February 1866.

MRS. VINTON'S,
PRIVATE FAMILY BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT,
HOLLYWOOD ROAD,
Corner of Old Bailey Street, next door to the Hotel d'Europe,
HONG KONG.
Commanding a delightful View of the Harbour.
tf 2803 Hongkong, 1st December 1865.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT & PILLS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENT have the largest sale of any Medicine in the World.

The Pills are the finest purifiers and regenerators of the blood ever known. They speedily correct all disorders of the Liver and Stomach, are invaluable in case of Dysentery, and as a general Family Medicine have no equal.

The Ointment will cure any old wound, sore or ulcer, even if of twenty years standing, and in all cases of skin diseases, however malignant, such as lepra, scurvy, itch, and all other annoying irritations of the skin, it may be relied upon as a perfect cure; indeed, for all external complaints it stand unrivalled throughout the world. These famous Remedies can be obtained of all Patent Medicine Vendors in Siam, Pekin, Hongkong, Shanghai, and in fact throughout the whole of China, India, and the Island of the Oriental Archipelago, with minute directions affixed to each pot or box in Chinese for in any other language, and at a very considerable price.

Agency in Hongkong:—The Hongkong Dispensary.
tf Hongkong 30th October, 1863.

BOOKBINDING.

REDUCTION IN PRICES!

A GINDELLI, Bookbinder, in returning his sincere thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal support he has hitherto received, begs most respectfully to notify that he is prepared to execute all work entrusted to his care in a first rate manner at considerably reduced prices.

All his materials are of the best English Manufacture. Books of every description bound in the neatest and most elegant styles.

A. GINDELLI,
Wellington-street.
tf 971 Hongkong, 23rd March, 1865.

SMITH & WESSONS' PISTOLS

VERY handsome with ivory and pearl handles gold and silver plated, from three to 8 in length with 300 cartridges for each one.

Apply to S. E. BURROWS & SONS.
tf 429 Hongkong, 5th March, 1866.

PRIVATE BOARD and Lodging for Captains Mates of Ships and Private Families at reasonable terms.

EDUARD BRICKER,
Manager,
British Hotel Queen's Road.
tf 3056 Hongkong, 22nd December, 1865.

HONGKONG BAKERY.

DORABJEE NOWROJEE begs to inform the Public, that he has established a *Bakery* Fancy Pastry, and Confectionery business on his premises, Queen's Road, adjoining the offices of the P. & O. S. N. Company, and hopes from his long experience and careful attention to merit the patronage and support of the Public

Hongkong 4th August, 1860.

Business Announcements.

Nothing is more Refreshing than RIMMEL'S

EXTRACT OF LIME JUICE AND GLYCERINE. Which cleanses and cools the head and, gives the hair a beautiful gloss, without greasing it.

RIMMEL'S TOILET VINEGAR.

Will also be found a perfect luxury in India as an adjunct to the toilet and Bath, and a reviving Perfume.

RIMMEL'S PERFUME FOUNTAIN.

An elegant ornament for the Drawing-Room, Ball-Room, Dining Table, &c. Price from £1. 10s.

Rimmel's Book of Perfumes, with 250 illustrations, 5s.

EUGENE RIMMEL.
Perfumer by Appointment to H. R. H. the Princess of Wales.
96, Strand; 128, Regent Street; and 24, Cornhill
London,
Sold by all Perfumery Dealers in the World.m&f

A. CARD.

PROFESSOR WHEELER, would respectfully attract the attention of the Hongkong Public to the importance of having the Hair Cut and Dressed in an Artistic manner and style Appropriate to the Individual is the cut of the Hair: there can be no fixed or prevailing fashion without destroying almost universally the harmony of the *tout ensemble*. Indeed as diverse as is the *contour* of the human head and facial outline, just so much should be the trim and evenness of the Hair. This fact is noted upon by only those Hair-Cutters who possess an inherent judement in matters of taste, cultivated and improved by incessant study and application. Of this rare class, Professor WHEELER, humbly claims to be one, and the Only One in this Colony, and he modestly but confidently invites all who may be distrustful of his ability to give him at least a trial before pronouncing an adverse opinion. He may be found at all hours of the day in his Apartments adjoining the Private Entrance of the Oriental Hotel.
tf 1960 Hongkong, 21st July, 1865

NOTICE.

BEING obliged to leave Hongkong on account of ill health, I recommend all my patrons who wish their Hair Cut and Dressed Artistically to call on Professor Wheeler, being the only one who thoroughly understands his Profession in Hongkong.

J. W FILLIOTT.
tf 1961 Hongkong, 21st July 1865.

PHIN LUN,
PHOTOGRAPHER.
Queen's Road, No. 88. Up Stairs Opposite the ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
Takes Portraits, Groups, &c. in best style, and keeps constantly on hand the views of Hongkong, Canton, Honnan and other Ports of China
tf-8Sep Hongkong, 2nd September, 1864

YUE-CHEONG.
RETAIL TEA DEALER

BEGS to inform the community that he has received his supply of New Seasons Teas comprising choice Oolong, Pekoe and Souchong
tf 1828 Hongkong, 6th July, 1865.

THE undersigned having purchased from D R. VINEA, Esq., the Business, good will, stock and fixtures of the proprietary known as the Oriental Hotel, at Hunan Canton, respectfully solicits a share of public patronage.

D. DE BARROS.
tf 3016 Canton, 16th December, 1865. 3-16

NOTICE.

JOHN MCNULTY, late Bar Keeper of the ORIENTAL HOTEL, in Hongkong, has taken the House, known as the British Seamen Inn, next door to the British Hotel in Queen's Road West, where he will be happy to see his friends.

Captains and Officers of Vessels, can find good accommodation on reasonable terms. A choice selections of Wines and Liquors, constantly on hand.

3m 85 Hongkong, 10th January, 1866.

A CARD.

MISS. J. ROSE begs to announce to the Public that she intends opening a Millinery and Berlin Wool Establishment in Wellington Street, in the premises at present occupied by the Queen's Road Dispensary, on the 15th Instant where she hopes, by strict attention &c. and a thorough knowledge of the business to merit a Share of Public Patronage.

10d 437 Hongkong, 5th March, 1866.

NOTICE.

Dr. D. JAYNE'S
CELEBRATED FAMILY MEDICINES.

THE increased demand for these Valuable Medicines, viz.—

Expectorant,
Alterative,
Hair Tonic,
Liquid Hair Dye, &c.

has induced the proprietor to Establish an Agency for the sale of the same in this Colony and they can now always be procured wholesale or retail at the,

MEDICAL HALL,
37 *Queen's Road.*
tf 1129 Hongkong, 13th April, 1865.

Business Announcements.

HAIR DRESSING.

PROFESSOR WHEELER begs to call the particular attention of the Public to his Hair Dressing Saloon at the private apartments of the "Oriental Hotel" (entrance Wyndham Street) and the novel manner which he displays in cleansing and dressing the hair on those who may favor him with their patronage. The great Professor's skill in Hair Dressing must now be pretty well known to most of the residents of the Colony who have undergone the novel mode of Hair Dressing by Professor Wheeler, who had the honor of acting professionally on the perfoanium of His Majesty the King of the Belgians.

It is the aim of Professor Wheeler to abolish the custom now existing in the Colony of the Public bestowing their patronage upon the Chinese, who set themselves up to be conversant with the art of Hair Dressing, seeing that they are self taught and their ideas differing so widely as they do in the decoration of their own Celestial Cranium, disqualifies them for any such undertaking. It being palpable in the eyes of all Europeans in China that the made adopted by the Chinese of cutting the hair is a disfigurement to the head, therefore Professor Wheeler cautions the public against the evil now existing of having their hair dressed by Chinese who not only disfigure their victims for the time, but cause immense labor to the accomplished Perfiencer to recover it to its original shape and elasticity. Professor Wheeler is the originator of several superior Washes for the hair composed of ingredients unknown to others in the art; and by their application guarantees the removal of all scurf or superfluous matter from the scalp and allows the hair a free access of growth.
tf 290 Hongkong, 13th February, 1866.

THE LADIES AND FAMILIES

MADAME DELIAGRE begs leave to inform her friends and patrons, that, her health having been sufficiently restored, she is ready to resume her occupation as instructor to young Ladies of the Piano Forte and of Singing. She is also desirous to obtain a few Pupils in the French language.

Letters to be addressed to Bridges St. No. 10, Or to the "Daily Press" Office.
tf 2403 Hongkong, 6th September, 1865.

Wm. SCHMIDT & Co.
GUN-SMITHS and MACHINISTS,
WELLINGTON STREET, No. 33.
Opposite the Catholic Church,
RMS of every description, GUN POWDER, PERCUSSION CAPS and CARTRIDGES FOR SALE.
Repairs executed with promptness and at moderate rates
tf 3080 Hongkong, 23rd December, 1865.

TAYLOR & CO.
SHIP CHANDLERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
No. 114 & 116, QUEE